MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

VOLUME XVII. MILWAUKEE, MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 19, 1860. NUMBER 54.

THE SENTINEL.

Daily, $7;—Tri-Weekly, $4;—Weekly $1.50
IN VARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers and Proprietors.

W. W. JERMAIN.....M. H. BRIGHTMAN

MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 19, 1860.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad Trains, and Hour of Closing Mails.

Depart.	Arrive.	Mails Close.
MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO.		
7:30 A. M.	11:45 A. M.	5:00 P. M.
2:30 P. M.	6:50 P. M.	12:30 P. M.
MILWAUKEE & MINNESOTA.		
7:45 A. M.	12:50 P. M.	3:10 P. M.
4:35 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	9:00 P. M.
MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI.		
7:30 A. M.	10:30 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
4:00 P. M.	9:56 P. M.	6:00 P. M.
MILWAUKEE & HORICON.		
7:30 A. M.	9:55 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
1:30 P. M.	4:35 P. M.	12:30 P. M.
MILWAUKEE, WATERTOWN & BARABOO VALLEY.		
4:30 P. M.	1:45 P. M.	3:30 P. M.
DETROIT & MILWAUKEE.		
12:00 P. M.	2:30 A. M.	

Except Saturday.

a. To all points. d. Except Saturday. e. To Horicon, Berlin, Kilbourn City, Fox Lake, Beaver Dam and Watertown only. f. To Waukesha, Whitewater, Janesville and Madison.

News Digest.

The bill to submit the question of a revision of the Constitution to the people has been defeated in the Assembly.

The Democrats in the Senate are endeavoring to kill the Homestead Law, by substituting the prescriptive measure drafted by Senator JOHNSON, of Tennessee, for Mr. GROW's liberal bill, which recently passed the House.

We have accounts of destructive fires at Rockford and Savannah, Ill. Winnebago Hall and several adjoining buildings were burned at the former place, and three warehouses filled with produce at the latter.

Accounts from New Mexico state that the Navajos Indians are committing extensive depredations in that Territory—over 100,000 sheep and a large quantity of other stock having been run off during the past winter.

Two men named WILSON and HULL, who kidnapped a negro named JOHN BROWN, in Lancaster county, Pa., recently, and then tried to sell him in Maryland, have been arrested at Baltimore.

The shoemakers' strike at Lynn continues. On Friday the strikers turned out in procession to the number of 6,000.

A Republican City Ticket.

It will be seen that the Republican Committee have called a Convention at the Court House next Saturday, to nominate candidates for the various City offices to be supported, and, if possible elected at the approaching Charter Election. This is a sound movement, and one which, if taken long ago, might have been the means of saving our City from its present state of bankruptcy and disgrace.—It is eminently proper that one or the other of the parties should be responsible for the doings or misdoings of public officers, and if the tax-payers of the City have not had enough of Democracy by this time, the Republicans can well afford to brook defeat until the so-called Democrats have as thoroughly effected their own ruin as they have that of the City.

Let the business men and property holders, therefore, attend the primary meetings next Friday evening, and see to it that they are not controlled by the tax-eaters. We commend the truths which are so forcibly set forth by the Republican Committee to the candid attention of every person who has the welfare of our City at heart.

Third Judicial Circuit.

At a meeting of the Green Lake County Bar, held on March 13th, at Berlin, it was resolved that a meeting of the Attorneys of the Third Judicial District, irrespective of party, be held at the Minnesota Junction House, in Dodge County, on Thursday, the 22d day of March, at 1 o'clock P. M., to select a suitable Independent Candidate to be chosen Judge of said Circuit at the coming election.

GARRISON ON SEWARD.—Garrison's Boston *Liberator*, the organ of the Abolitionists, is no better satisfied with Gov. Seward's recent speech than the Cincinnati *Gazette*, or the pro-slavery press. It denounces it for its moderation, and a surrender of what it is pleased to call the previous radical views of Gov. S., and intimates quite distinctly that he has forfeited the confidence of the ultra Abolitionists. Candid and unprejudiced men of all parties, however, see in it no surrender of any opinions he ever expressed.—While fanatics on the one side, and the blind adherents of some personal favorite on the other, make it an occasion for giving utterance to their bigoted or partisan feelings, the *people everywhere*, who love freedom and hate slavery, enthusiastically approve it, and are resolved to sustain its author.

EPISCOPAL.—Bishop Kemper visited this part of his Diocese last week;—preached at the Episcopal Church in this city, on Friday morning and again at evening, holding confirmation, assisted by the Rector Mr. Adderly, and the Rev. Mr Greene. On Saturday he proceeded to Wausau, where he preached twice, on Sunday, and confirmed four persons, in the church under the charge of the Rev. Mr. Greene. Returning on Monday, he preached and confirmed again, in the evening, at the church in this city; and on Tuesday resumed his journey to the South. Nine persons were added to the church at this place. The Bishop, now over 70; still retains all his powers in a remarkable degree—none more useful or incessant in labor and good works.—*Wis. Pinery.*

BROKE JAIL.—Two prisoners confined in the "Red House," in this city, named Jacob Braun and John Kressler, escaped on the night of the 11th inst. They escaped through a hole in the floor.

The Sheriff has offered an $100 reward for their capture.

Braun is about 5 feet 10 inches in height, heavy and strongly built, blue eyes, reddish hair, wore a light gray coat, rather coarse boots, and cotton plush cap. Aged about 33 years.

Kressler is about 5 feet 6 inches in height, brown hair, short whiskers, wore a long, blue German made coat, coarse new boots, dark cloth pants, and cloth cap. Aged about 48 years.

A MAN in New York has invented a new nozzle for hose pipes. The invention consists of three nozzles of different sizes fastening to a revolving plate eccentric to the end of the pipe, so that by simply turning the plate either of the nozzles can be brought to the end of the pipes. The advantage is that when it is necessary to change from a small to a large stream, or the reverse, during the progress of a fire, instead of having to unscrew the pipe, the change can be made by simply pushing upon a spring.

WHITE DENT CORN.—Mr. William Martin, a successful farmer, residing in this city, and whose farm is contiguous, brought to this office the other day, an ear of White Dent Corn, of his own growing. It is as large, heavy, and as good a specimen of the kind as is seen in the best fields of Illinois—and unmistakable test of the soil and climate of the St. Croix Valley.—*Horicon Chronicle.*

MR. ECKLES, Deputy Sheriff, was in town on Tuesday, for the purpose of arresting parties who participated in the initiation of a gentleman from Plover into the mysteries of Maltaism. It seem that a knowledge of these time-honored rites are not very favorably received by some portions of the community.

CONNECTICUT ELECTION.—Desperate efforts, it is said, are being made in Washington to aid Democrats in carrying the Connecticut election; and, as a means of inciting State feeling, promises are freely made to nominate Mr. Seymour for Vice-President at Charleston.

THE HON. ABE LINCOLN has been visiting the Five Points House of Industry, in New York, and making addresses to the children.

SEVEN THOUSAND copies of "La Femme" were sold in a week after its publication day.

THE CITY.

Meeting of the Board of School Commissioners.

A meeting of the Board of School Commissioners took place on Saturday evening, at their rooms. President O'NEILL in the chair. Eleven members present.

Commissioner BADE stated that a proposition had been made that the Superintendent's books be thrown open during his absence, and that such proposition had evidently arisen from the present state of public excitement. That he had heard all sort of silly rumors—but thought that so long as the Superintendent was not here to vindicate his own character, the Board ought not take any action.

He also referred to an article which appeared in the *Free Democrat* as "scurrilous," and branded the several charges therein concerning the pic-nic and fuel, and gas fixtures as "unmitigated lies," saying whoever the gentleman or loafer is who wrote them, I call him a liar," and moved that the proprietors of the *Free Democrat* be requested to furnish the author's name.

Mr. SCHLOSNITCH opposed the motion.—If the board feel aggrieved let them commence a suit.

Mr. CULLIGAN did not believe in hunting up whatever the *Free Democrat* or *Sentinel* might say, but to do their duty coolly and dispassionately, regardless of the rumors and unfounded charges made outside. He knew of no specific charges made against the Board or any member of the Board. It was no doubt a duty owed to the public to render an account of their stewardship, but to be coerced and driven into an investigation by such anonymous articles was undignified.

Mr. BADE had his reasons for wishing to find out who wrote that article. It was barely possible that it might be traced to the Seventh Ward High School—might even have been written by that Great Mogul, Mr. Mc KINDLEY himself.

Mr. REED thought it was no more than right to ask the name of the writer. In regard to the wood bill, he stated that there were no orders issued that were not signed by the Committee and Superintendent. He also spoke of the teachers' meeting on the 13th, and expressed his surprise that any such proceedings should have taken place, as were reported.

He thought when he first saw the report that it was got up by the principal of the Seventh Ward High School, and alluded to him as the sole cause of all the trouble in the schools. He was sorry the gentleman was not present, he disliked to say anything behind his back; but he did not wish teacher to throw unmerited blame on the board, he wished it placed where it belonged.

As for the pic-nic he for one was in favor of it, cost what it might, (here several members of the board said, "so was I,") and he was now in favor of giving the gentleman in question notice that his services would not be wanted after the close of the present term.

Mr. REED reviewed Mr. MCKINDLEY's course rather severely, from the time he left Kenosha to the present, and closed by stating that he thought the books of the board were always open to the public during office hours.

On a resolution directing Mr. CHAPMAN, of the Board of Regents, to pay the amount due the Normal School of this city to Mr LARKIN, considerable debate ensued, and Mr. CHAPMAN and Mr. LARKIN both were allowed to speak and make explanations; but were unable to state what the exact sum was.

Mr. BADE thereupon said that the whole thing was too blind, it might be a resolution to pay $5, or it might be $500: so he moved to strike of the name of LARKIN, and insert the name of the Superintendant, RUFUS KING.

The previous question was called and the resolution adopted:

Resolved, that a Committee of three be appointed to report at its earliest convenience, an account of the transactions and expenditures of this board for the past three years, and that said report be published in one English and one German paper.

Amended to include the Superintendent with the Committee. Adopted as amended.

A communication was then read by the Secretary, from certain school teachers, who had participated in the *indignation* meeting of the 13th. The substance of which was to condemn the reporter of the SENTINEL for making a misrepresentation of the meeting, and to smooth over their own actions in the premises. This communication was ordered to be published, and the Board adjourned.

ABOUT THAT INDIGNATION MEETING.

The reporter of the *Sentinel*, in view of the fact that several of the teachers who attended the meeting on the 13th, have seen fit to censure the report which was made of their doings, deems it but justice to state

That his presence upon that occasion was both unexpected and unsolicited. The teachers had met to have a pow-wow over their grievances, and the fact that when the presence of a reporter was noticed, no one could be found willing to act, or even disclose the object of the meeting for some time; and the President himself declaring he did not know what they came there for, was sufficient proof of the dampening effect our humble presence occasioned.

However, when the ice became broken, Prof. LARKIN and others, whose names and remarks we will publish, if necessary, confined themselves principally to the *extravagances* in the management of the Milwaukee schools. The Professor—who stood within two feet of us—declaiming loudly against extravagance in gas fixtures and fuel and carpet, and others following in the same strain about a pic-nic. These facts can be verified under oath by more than one party, if Mr. LARKIN desires it. The foolish attempt—now that the thing has come to the Board of School Commissioners through the unexpected presence of a reporter—to smooth the matter over by condemning the report, will not avail much.

THE LAZY INDIVIDUAL who steals the Local for the *Wisconsin*, coolly appropriates half a column of Religious matter compiled for the SENTINEL. There is nothing new or surprising in this. We have long had the credit of furnishing the good looking, but rather sterile gentleman of the *Wisconsin*, with local items; but this last steal, in magnitude, makes us think he has been in Municipal company for some time past, and contemplates running for office.

LECTURE THIS EVENING.—E. G. RYAN will lecture this evening, at the Academy of Music, for the benefit of the Catholic Orphan Asylums. Mr. RYAN is justly entitled to a place in the front ranks of our intellectual men, and the lecture will unquestionably be a brilliant effort. The friends of the orphans will bear in mind that Mr. YOUNG has volunteered the use of the Academy, and it only remains for them to fill it.

OUR FRIEND SYKES, of La Crosse, "stepped in" on Saturday. He is on his way to New York, and though he has hardly recovered from the effects of THAT SURPRISE PARTY, we have no doubt—if he was to try—might get enough advertisements in the city of Gotham to warrant his buying the *Republican* and running it as a *supplement*.

CALEB WALL advertises for a Farm this morning. See his advertisement.

The New City Hall Question.

For the Sentinel.

MILWAUKEE, March 15, 1860.

MR EDITOR:—We send you, for publication, the report of the committee selected to consider the subject of the proposed alteration of Market Hall for city offices, by a meeting of citizens, held at Kilbourn's Hall, January 19, 1860, and which that meeting voted to publish at the time, but the injunction referred to having been dissolved, and work commenced on the building, its publication was not made. Recent events, however, having proved that the objects of that meeting, and the report then made, were correct, many of those present at that meeting have requested the committee to publish that report, and we herewith enclose the same to you, requesting you to publish the same. Notwithstanding the statement of Mr. Mix, the architect and superintendent, in the SENTINEL of the 20th of January ult., that the alteration of the Market House, as proposed, would cost but $5,000, if that gentleman will meet us at a meeting of the League, we will show to him—to his satisfaction and that of every tax-payer in the city—that such alteration will cause an expense to the city, of $35,643; and that the whole plan of altering the Market House was and is a swindle on the people of this city.

JOHN ROSEBECK,
ALBERT GRANT,
Committeee.

At a meeting of the citizens of Milwaukee, at Kilbourn's Hall, January 19, 1860, J. A. PHELPS Chairman, and FRANCIS HUEBSCHMANN Secretary, the following report was unanimously adopted, and voted to be published in all papers in this city.

The committee to whom was referred the matter of investigating the title and condition of the Market House and land on which it is located, in Seventh Ward, relative to its proposed alteration into a City Hall, according to a resolution of the Common Council, have given the subject some attention, and make the following Report:

TITLE.

That the Market House building is located on lots number 5 and a part of lot number 6 in block number fifty-five (55) in Seventh Ward. The First Ward of the city of Milwaukee has a good title to lot 5; but lot 6, on which the front of the building stands, is claimed by Morgan L. Martin, of Green Bay, who has instituted a suit against the city for a recovery of possession, laying damages at a heavy sum, and which suit is now pending in the Milwaukee Circuit Court.

By an examination of the records of conveyances at the Register's Office of Milwaukee County, the title to lot 6 appears to be good in Morgan L. Martin. In 1851 David M. Hand conveyed the lot to the First Ward of city of Milwaukee, for their use, by a quit claim deed, which, however, conferred no title. The nature of the defense and the special grounds upon which the city rely in this suit not being apparent upon the records, the committee cannot judge of their validity, and can only state in their opinion the title to lot 6 is at present uncertain and cannot be relied upon by the First Ward.

In case Morgan L. Martin confirms his title to lot 6 by a decision in his favor in the present suit, the First Ward will be constrained to purchase at his terms, or abandon the property to him. Martin is said to demand the sum of $20,000 for the property.

THE BUILDING.

The size of the Market House and general dimensions are as follows: It is forty feet wide, fronting on Market Square, so called, and one hundred and twenty feet in depth; thickness of walls, sixteen inches; first story on ground floor is in feet, 6 feet being below the level of the sidewalk; second story is twelve feet and third story 18 feet. This third story is now a public hall, and the roof of the building, which is now in a very bad condition, is entirely sustained by the walls from the second story.

In every respect, in size, proportion, strength of walls, heights of rooms, style of architecture, the present building, when altered, is of a very inferior class, and its modification into a suitable and respectable City Hall as contemplated by the resolution of the City Council, must not only involve the City in a large expense, but when completed, in the opinion of this Committee, will be inconvenient and unsatisfactory:

The Committee have seen no plans or specifications made of proposed alterations, but have made an estimate of the cost to put the building in a suitable condition for the reception of the Common Council and the several city officers; and they are of opinion it can not well be done for less than $10,000, to which must be added the furniture, safe doors, and furnishing the several rooms $5,000 more—estimating according to the expenditures on that account heretofore.

In remodeling and altering the Market House for above purposes, some changes cannot be made without danger to the whole building, as for instance, the windows in the hall are of the size of an ordinary dwelling house and to adapt their size to a proportion with the building, must be enlarged from 2 feet 11 inches by 7 feet to 4 1-2 feet wide by 12 feet high and in so doing, so much of the walls of the building in upper story would be taken away that what remained would be inefficient to sustain the roof which now relies upon them for support. And in case the roof is raised four feet as the committee understand has been proposed, unless some other supports are supplied, it would be very insecure.

There does not seem to be left on the lots, any room for adding to the building, and it is a fact worthy of notice now, that the south west corner of the building is four feet on the sidewalk. The present proportion of the the building, 40x120, therefore cannot be changed. To make a useful convenient and comely building, its proportions should be 60 feet wide by 90 feet in length. There is not a foot of ground on present lots either to enlarge or use for any purpose.

In the opinion of the committee, the value of the Market House building, considered in reference to an alteration into a suitable City Hall, is just the value of the brick and lumber of which it is composed after the building is taken down; and the Market House as it now stands is worth more to the city for the purposes for which it is now used, than it would be when the alteration as contemplated is made.

NECESSITY OF ANY CHANGE.

No reasonable motive for any present change in the domicil of the city government has been presented, except the present exposure of the city records and valuable documents to fire.

This is true; there is a large amount of papers involving important interests to citizens, entirely unprotected against fire where they now are, and it was and is the duty of those to whom their care is committed, to remedy the defect immediately, and without delay. The lessor of the building now occupied by them, in a short time can and will for a consideration, provide ample vaults, or safe-guards against fire.

James B. Cross leased the rooms, now occupied by the Common Council and for city officers, for a term of five years, at the sum of $3,000 per annum. This sum was agreed upon as a fair consideration for the heavy expenses incurred in fitting up the hall and offices for the use of the city, as well as the use of premises.

This lease will not expire until nearly two and a half years, for which term the city will be indebted in the sum of $7,000, or about that sum. This amount cannot be changed without the consent of J. B. Cross, who cannot be expected to make any reduction or compromise, under the circumstances.

Mr. Cross, however, it is understood by this committee, has offered, or is willing to offer to the city, an extension of the present lease, for a further term of five years from the expiration of the present one, agreeing for the removal of three of the offices to the first floor, and to furnish suitable and effective vaults or safes to protect all the city records and papers against fire, for the sum of $800 per annum.

The committee has not been able to find any person, with whom they have conferred on this subject, who, after the safeguards against fire have been provided for, can assign any valid reasons for removing the city offices, and they therefore assert that there does not exist, at the present time, any necessity whatever for their removal.

On the other hand, the present income to the city for rents of the Market House, is $1,050, and can, by a judicious outlay, be increased to $2,000, thus providing means to pay the entire expenses of rent on the new contract of lease as before mentioned, after the expiration of the present one.

What the people want, and what they expect from their representatives in the Common Council, is economy—and especially when they, as well as the people, can be better served by its practice.

We have had enough, in fact a surfeit of lavish expenditures on the city government, and at this time when the people are enabled to pay the taxes upon their property only by extra exertion and self-sacrifice, it should not indulge in extravagant legislation like this; and before it considered the subject of the erection of a City Hall, or patching up an old building, on hand it can not yet call its own, it should attempt to re-establish the credit of the city which has suffered from similar rash and lusty projects.

Men whose physical, mental, and moral qualities are insufficient to enable them to provide for themselves a living by honest enterprise, have of late years aspired to places in the city government; and if such a class of citizens, or one or two of such, can obtain a position in the Council, the public must exercise a perpetual watchfulness over their acts to protect themselves against ruin.

The Committee believe this project of remodeling the Market House to be a plan for plunder, a senseless and wicked scheme to benefit the individuals only who are engaged in carrying out the plans, at the expense of the people.

Happily, in this instance, the city can not violate its contract with the tenants of the Market House, and an injunction from the Circuit Court awaits the contractors, and keeps back the itching palms of the authors of this project.

A substantial and permanent City Hall, adapted to all the present wants and probable future ones of the city; a structure in all respects in keeping with the beauty, growth and respectability of the city, may be, and will be needed. It should be located with reference to the wants and convenience of all departments; but it cannot now be built.—There is no necessity for it, or even any change as heretofore dwelt upon It is a matter for the people to consider; and not a subject for hasty legislation. We must learn to be just before we are generous, and the best and surest way to obtain such a City Hall as is needful, will be to husband all our present resources, and not squander our money on old brick walls which will in a few years crumble to decay.

The committee, therefore, upon a full consideration of the subject, are of opinion that a strong and effective remonstrance should be made by the citizens of Milwaukee, against the plan of altering the Market House, being assured that instead of a cost of $5,000, as stated, the city will have to pay for the change at least a sum of $22,500, and liable to a train of incidental expenses of various kinds, among which are not least, expenses and damages arising out of violation of contract, the commencement of which has already begun in the injunction suit now pending. The benefits of all which can only be enjoyed by the parties engaged in doing the work.

And they are further confident in the belief that the majority of the Common Council will give further consideration to this subject which will result in a more acceptable arrangement to the people.

JOHN ROSEBECK,
ALBERT GRANT,
H. BALATKA,
Committee.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 19th, 1860.

The Reported Removal of Capt. Cross a Hoax.

It appears that there was no foundation for the statement published in the Chicago papers of Friday, that Capt. Cross had been removed from the command of the steamship *Milwaukee*, but like a thousand other stories derogatory to the Detroit and Milwaukee Railway that have originated in the same quarter, was got up doubtless with the object of prejudicing the Air-Line route in the public mind. The following from the Chicago *Journal* of Saturday, is confirmed by the officers and agents of the company here, who are justly indignant at the base fabrication:

THE STEAMER MILWAUKEE.—We have received the following communication in reference to the report that Capt. Cross had been removed from the steamer *Milwaukee*:

MR. EDITOR: The item which appeared in the *Democrat* of Thursday, 15th inst., relative to the discharge of Capt. Cross in numerous; and as officers of the steamer Milwaukee, we do not feel like letting it pass unnoticed, particularly as it has appeared in other "dailies" of the city, thus giving a wide circulation to a false report.

We are all at loss to know upon what foundation this report was based, as we have received no such information from any one connected with the Company in whose employ we are, and we exceedingly regret that reports derogatory to the character of our employees, for whom we have the most profound respect, should be circulated with so little regard to truth.

By publishing the above, you will not only correct a misstatement, but will do a simple act of justice to the owners of the steamer *Milwaukee*, as well as her officers.

WM. S. CROSS, Captain.
T. FITZPATRICK, Eng'r.
D. C. WILCOX, Steward.

We see that an obscure weekly publication in this city, improves the occasion to make an indiscriminate assault upon the Detroit and Milwaukee Railway and its management; but the source of the accusations is not such as to give them any weight. No Rail Road in the West is managed by a more intelligent and obliging set of officers than it, and were are confident that all who have had any dealings with them will cheerfully bear evidence of this fact.

Republican Caucus—No "People's Ticket."

MILWAUKEE, March 17, 1860.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—A notice appeared in the Saturday evening papers for a People's Caucus, to be held in the Fifth and Eighth Wards, signed by me as chairman.—Since the same has appeared, I learn that the Republicans of the city have decided to call a Republican Convention, for the purpose of nominating officers. I also learn that the Republican committees of the several Wards have decided to nominate Republican Ward officers, and concurring with this move, the call is withdrawn.

CARL OLSON.

Evening papers please make the correction.

MUNICIPAL COURT, MARCH 17TH.—Isaac Smith, receiving stolen property, value $15. Continued to March 20th, at 9 A. M.

Peter Casper and Peter Brooks, disorderly; penalty $1 each, and costs taxed at $2,48 or 5 days in jail. Paid.

August Greenwald and Wm. Gamke, petty larceny of the value of $15. Fined $1,00 each, and costs taxed and divided, and to stand committed till paid. Paid.

Adolph Hesse, Joseph Herken, George Scheidener, assault and battery. Found not guilty and discharged. The Court being of opinion that the complaint was willful and malicious, ordered that judgment be entered against the complainant, for the costs to be taxed. Costs taxed at $17,63.

CALEB WALL's intellectual bazaar is opposite FESS' drug store, on East Water Street. Therein may be found SHELLY and KEATS and CHAUCER and COLERIDGE. There we have a chance to bid in SHAKESPEARE himself for a pittance, and own PLUTARCH with all his lives, and GIBBON in seventeen volumes and JOSEPHUS, with cuts, for the most moderate prices. This is the place to strike up an acquaintance with the humorists—HOOD, POOLE, DICKENS and THACKERAY. This is the place for the young men bound on collecting a library, for here are standard authors ready to own you master if you will only bid (on) them.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.—Capt. BARRY on Saturday paraded the Union Guards, *sans* arms—that is, the State's arms, though they looked well and had confidence enough in the weather to come out without umbrellas. Service was performed in the Cathedral, to which the Guards and the Catholic Total Abstinence Society repaired.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION of Chief and Assistant Engineers of the Fire Department takes place to-day at the House of Supply Hose. The candidates are all worthy men, and we expect to hear of a heavy vote being polled.

SEWARD'S SPEECH!

20,000 Extra Copies!!

We shall print a large extra edition of the WEEKLY SENTINEL on Monday, containing Hon. WM. H. SEWARD'S great speech.

The demand for this valuable and unanswerable document is such, that we have concluded to embody it in our weekly issue and thus secure for it the circulation it deserves in this and adjoining States.

We can furnish the weekly at the following prices:

Single copies	5 cts.
100 "	$2,00
500 "	8,00.
1000 "	15,00.

Individuals and political associations would do well to send for supplies of this number and circulate it widely. Republicans, both in and out of the city, send in your orders at once, and help us to scatter this important and telling Speech broadcast over the North West! Address

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN.

March 10, 1860.

HOUSES TO RENT.—J. S. FILLMORE has the following houses to rent: House on the corner of Cass and Biddle Streets.; hard and soft water; rent $200. Brick house on Eighth Street, a few doors north of Spring St.; hard and soft water; rent $225. House on Milwaukee St., between Oneida and Biddle Sts., west side; rent $225. House on Knapp St., between Main and Milwaukee Sts; rent $12 per month. House on Van Buren St., two doors above Ogden St.; rent $100, to May 1st, 1861.

A KIND-HEARTED GERMAN WOMAN picked up a little girl in the streets about noon on Saturday, apparently lost. After an ineffectual attempt to ascertain where the child belonged, she brought her to the Second Ward Public School, where she was recognized by one of the pupils, and speedily returned to her parents. Pretty good method of disposing of lost children.

YOUNG MEN'S REPUBLICAN CLUB.—There will be a meeting at the Court House on Tuesday, the 20th inst., at 7 1-2 o'clock P. M., to perfect the organization of the Young Men's Republican Club. All Republicans desirous of uniting and acting with the club, are hereby requested to attend at the adoption of the constitution.

H. J. PAINE, Chairman Ex. Com.
Milwaukee, March 17, 1860.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.—The Cornhill Magazine, for February; "The Haunted House," by Mrs. E. D. E. N. SOUTHWORTH; "Ten Thousand Wonderful Things," a book lively with fun and amusement; "Adventures of Mr. Verdant Green," "L' Femme," equal to "L'Amour": Godey's Magazine, for April; Peterson's, for April; "The Adventures of Jonathan Homebred," by Sam Slick, Jr. Everything that is new, in the book and periodical line, is always to be had at 25 Wisconsin street.

oct27l858d1y W. E. TUNIS & CO.

Republican City Convention.

A REPUBLICAN CONVENTION of five delegates from each Ward of the City of Milwaukee, will be held at the Court House in Milwaukee, on Saturday, March 24th, 1860, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the nomination of candidates for the City Offices, to be supported at the next Charter Election. The primary meetings for the election of delegates, and the nomination of Republican Ward officers, will be held on Friday, 23d inst., at 7½ o'clock P. M., at the following places:

1st Ward, at Bichfield's Saloon.
2d Ward, at Kormann's Saloon.
3d Ward, at Frankfurt House.
4th Ward, at Menomonee House.
5th Ward, Niagara House.
6th and 9th Wards, at Schenck's Park Saloon.
7th Ward, at Court House.
8th Ward, at Nolden's Saloon.

For many years all attempts to place the city government in capable and honest hands, by means of democratic nominations or people's tickets, have proved disastrous failures, and the resulting evils have finally culminated in unparalleled and intolerable official corruption. The time has now come when the Republicans of Milwaukee are called upon to perform a grave duty to the city by nominating and, if possible, electing to the city offices honorable and fearless men, and also, to discharge an obligation to their own great cause, which they have already too long neglected, by effecting a thorough and permanent city organization.

If the nomination of a Republican ticket for the city election could prove an obstacle to the removal or mitigation of the grievous municipal evils under which we suffer, that would, of course, be a strong reason for postponing still further a distinct city organization. But the experience of the last five year s shows that no relief can be expected from a people's movement, which is always controlled and used by disappointed and unworthy aspirants for democratic nominations. We have already incurred too much disgrace by contributing to the election of corrupt officers through these people's movements. At this time, when the election involves not only the peace and good order, but also the gravest financial interests of our city, we should be inexcusable, if, under the plausible pretext of a people's ticket, we should incur the risk of a league with thieves and robbers. For it is manifest that a people's movement at this time must embrace large numbers of dishonest men, and if successful carry into power some of the most unworthy office-seekers of our city.

The Republicans are therefore urged to elect delegates, who will nominate the *very best men*—men who are not intriguing, worthless office-seekers, but honest, responsible citizens; men of *clean hands*, in which our citizens will deem our municipal interests secure; men who will *command the support of the tax-payers* of this city, and attain as well as merit success at the polls.

H. J. PAINE,
Ch'n Dist. Com. 1st and 5th Ward Committee.
JOHN RITCHIE,
Ch'n Dist. Com. 2d Ward.
E. W. CARPENTER,
Ch'n Dist. Com. 3d Ward.
JOHN H. TESCH,
Ch'n 4th Ward Rep. Com.
GEO. G. HOUGHTON,
Ch'n 6th and 9th Ward Rep. Dist. Com.
D. G. ROGERS,
Ch'n 5th and 8th Ward Com.

CONTRACTING DEPARTMENT, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,
MILWAUKEE, March 10th, 1860.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until April 6th, 1860, for furnishing materials and constructing Water Works in this city, in accordance with the plans and specifications which have been adopted by the Common Council, on file in the office of the City Comptroller and published in the official papers.

E. L'H. GARDINER, Comptroller.

mar12d10 y§21.1stpp

REUNION.

MINER & FARIES have again formed a partnership for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches.

Office No. 21 Wisconsin Street. G. B. MINER, R. J. FARIES.

Milwaukee Feb. 13th, 1860. feb12d21dtf

EDWARD P. ALLIS,

LAND AND LOAN AGENT
OFFICE UNDER STATE BANK,
ON EAST WATER STREET.

HOUSES TO RENT.

☞ PERSONS HAVING HOUSES TO RENT on or before 1st of May, will find good tenants by leaving a description at my office.

feb9j20d1tf EWD. P. ALLIS.

☞ BARRY'S TRICOPHEROUS is the best and cheapest article for dressing, beautify ing, cleansing, curling, preserving and restoring the hair. Ladies try it. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers.

mar16j24t2dm

☞ TO MERCHANTS.—Advertise in the *Republican*, Gravesville, Calumet Co., J. N. STONE editor and Proprietor. aug10d185tf

☞ DRS. JULIAN & EDWARDS, Private Physicians, Office, 184 Main street, Milwaukee, Wis my23d1y

E. TOWNSEND MIX,

ARCHITECT.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FURNISHED, and Buildings superintended on reasonable terms. Office on corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets, in Ludington's Block. jan26j230d1y

MARRIED:

March 12th, by Eld. E. MEYENDIE, Mr. JAMES G. PALMER, of Springvale, to Miss RODENTHA LUTHER, of Wyocena.

TELEGRAPH!

REPORTED BY THE N. Y. ASSOCIATED PRESS, FOR THE DAILY SENTINEL.

Washington Matters.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—3 P. M.

The tariff bill will be reported on Monday, by one of two expedients. If States are called, Mr. Morrill, who has it in charge, will offer it from the committee on Ways and Means to-day, and will be presented to the House on Monday.

The Naval and Post Office bills are the only two remaining in the hands of the committee.

The list of Cadets appointed at large by the President for 1860, are:

1st. Edward Willoughby Anderson, son of the late James W. Anderson, distinguished in Florida and Mexico, and mortally wounded at the battle of Cherubusco.

2d. R. A. Tarsett, son of the late Capt. B. A. Tarsett, who died in service in 1815, and nephew of Major Tarsett, of the marine corps, who was breveted for gallant conduct at Chepultepec.

3d. Charles E. Moore, son of a soldier who has been fifty years in the army, having served out faithfully nine enlistments.

4th. Joseph L. S. Kirby, son of the late Major A. M. Kirby, who was twice breveted for gallantry in the war of 1812, and died in service in 1842.

5th. Alexander S. Clark, son of John H. Clark, who entered the service in 1812, and died of yellow fever while in command of the castle of San Juan de Ulloa at Vera Cruz.

6th. Francis W. Foote, son of the late Dr. Lyman Foote, who was 37 years in the army and died in the service in 1846, on the Texas frontier.

7th. Walter Abbot, son of the late Com. Abbot, of the navy, who distinguished himself at the battle of Lake Champlain, and died in 1855, while in command of of the E. I. squadron, of a disease contracted in the service.

8th. Wm. Waller, grandson of President Tyler.

9th. James W. Felter, step-son of Maj E. B. Alexander, who was twice breveted for gallant conduct in Mexico, and who commanded his regiment at the storming of the Belendato.

10th. James Wayne Cuyler, son of Surgeon John M. Cuyler, who has been twenty-five years in the army, and was distinguished in several Indian campaigns and in the Mexican war, where he served in General Scott's line, from the seige of Vera Cruz to the capture of the city of Mexico.

WASHINGTON, March 17—8 P. M.

The homestead bill which passed the House, was referred in the Senate to the Committee on Public Lands. That Committee recommended the striking out of the enacting clause and inserting the Senate bill drafted by Mr. Johnson of Tenn. Mr. Johnson's bill excludes, among those who shall have the benefit of the public lands, single men over 21 years of age, widowers without children, and foreigners who may declare their intentions after the passage of the bill, and only allows those who may be recipients of land under the bill, to receive alternate sections. The House bill includes the parties named above. It is said that the Republicans will accept that bill if they cannot get the one which passed the House.

Wisconsin Legislature.

MADISON, March 17—3 P. M.

ASSEMBLY—The evening session of the Assembly last night was continued until 11 o'clock. They passed the Senate bill taxing railroads 1 per cent. on their gross earnings.

The bill to submit the question of a revision of the Constitution to a vote of the people was lost; ayes 44, nays 38.

Bills Introduced—To amend section 3, chapter 80, of R. S., entitled "Of Agriculture; to repeal chapter 81 of R. R., relating to the State Historical Society; to extend the time for the publication and sale of unredeemed lands in the counties of Eau Claire and Chippewa; to legalize the acts of a fish inspector in Milwaukee; to amend the act incorporating the Municipal Court of Milwaukee; to fix the boundary line between Marquette and Green Lake counties; to fix the time for holding court in the tenth Judicial District; to legalize the acts of school district No. 3 in Eau Claire; to facilitate and authenticate the formation of a corporation by the purchase of the Milwaukee & Mississippi R. R. Company; to incorporate the Milwaukee Mutual Laborers' Relief Society.

Bills Passed—To enable the city of Fond du Lac to settle with its creditors; to facilitate the collection of judgments; to provide for the expenditure of the drainage fund in Marathon; for a Ferry across the Chippewa in Eau Claire county; to amend the R. S., in relation to the publication of legal decisions; to amend sec. 21, chap. 134, of R. S.; to amend the charter of Sheboygan; to pay the Waupaca Co. Agricultural Society a certain sum of money; to charter the Tyrone Lake Canal Co.; to protect orchards and fruit trees; to vacate a certain territorial road in Waukesha Co.; to authorize the city of Milwaukee to construct certain bridges; to amend the charter of the Green Bay and Chicago R. R. Co.; to authorize the Corn Planter's Bank to reduce its capital and remove from Waupacca; to change the corporate name of Plymouth Congregational Church; to amend chap. 79 of R. S., concerning railroads; to amend chap. 2 of R. S., in regard to the division of the State into counties.

Several appropriation bills were passed.

Nothing of interest occurred in the Senate.

Warehouse on Fire at Savannah.

ST. LOUIS, March 17.—3 P. M.

A steamer from Illinois river, reports Moore's warehouse, containing 76,000 bushels of corn, and two other warehouses also filled corn, are on fire at Savannah, Illinois, when she passed yesterday. No particulars.

Gentlemen from New Mexico say the Navajo Indians are taken a very hostile position in Rio Abajoe district. Over one hundred thousand sheep and large quantities of other stock have been run off by them during the past winter. The whole nation is combined in this movement. Extensive preparations are now being made to attack these Indians, by the citizens of that section of the country.

The Strikers' Procession.

BOSTON, March 16.—3 P. M.

The strikers of Lynn made a great turnout in procession to-day, numbering over 6,000.

The spectators were double that number. Several hundred banners were borne by the strikers and the city was decorated in many places with flags and streamers.

The procession comprised, besides all the strikers from Lynn, several military companies, with bands of music, and delegations of ladies from Swamp Scott, Marblehead, Danders, Saugus, Reading, Stran

THE SENTINEL.

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY & WEEKLY

RUFUS KING, EDITOR.

MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 19, 1860.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATION.

FOR CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT,

A. SCOTT SLOAN.

The Homestead Bill—Hon. Mr. Grow.

It must be admitted that the Republican party are rapidly making a reputation in Congress for prompt business qualities, and for earnest purpose to carry out the reform measures they have promised to the People. Already has that skillful and efficient legislator, passed through the House a bill to reduce and equalize the mileage compensation of Members of Congress, under which, in times past, the grossest abuses have sprung up. As an instance, the California and Oregon members have received about $5,000 mileage—that is, traveling expenses in coming to Washington and returning home, when the actual expense of the trip has, perhaps, never exceeded $500. And in the case of California Senators, who have had to attend special sessions of the Senate, on the inauguration of a new President, these enormous mileage fees would be due, by construction, under the old system, whether or not the Senators traveled one foot of the way home and back. The payment of mileage to other Senators and Representatives, has been in the same proportion extravagant and absurd.

Mr. Sherman, notwithstanding the prejudices and opposition of some of his own party, has crushed this abuse, by a sweeping majority in the House, and the bill will go to the Democratic Senate. Let that body defeat the measure, if it dare. It is estimated that this reform will save to the United States Treasury $100,000 a year.

Next comes the success of Hon. Mr. Grow of Pennsylvania, with his Homestead Bill. This is the greatest popular triumph ever achieved in American legislation. The bill gives a free home to every head of a family who shall honestly and permanently settle upon and improve it. The strength of our republic consists, not in deserts of wild land, but in the arms of grateful and brave citizens. We want people—not a land empire for speculation. And that is a fortunate government that can give a home and get a useful citizen in return. The effect of the Homestead Bill will be most happy upon the poor and crowded denizens of the Eastern States and cities. It will encourage matrimony and emigration among a class that is now forced to live in isolation and vice. It will start anew the stream of emigration from Europe, which will bring with it its treasures of capital as well as of labor, to swell the volume of national power and wealth.

To the West as a part of the American Republic, having in some respects distinctive interests, the Homestead Bill is of inestimable value. It will pour into our Western States and Territories *People*—*People*—the crying want of our forests and prairies shuddering in the stillness of aboriginal solitude.

With population will come the *political power*, and when the mighty West—the Free West—gets control of our Government, the bickerings of the "North" and the "South" will be lost in the grand march of the Federal Union revolving around its *Western Centre*.

We hail Mr. Grow, of Pennsylvania, as a National benefactor. He has championed the Homestead Bill with zeal, courage, skill and success. The establishment of his policy will inaugurate a new era in the political History of North America, and speed the day of the inevitable dominancy of a just, conservative Government, over the discordant elements that for forty years have been endeavoring to disturb the principles and policy of the founders of our Republic.

Mr. Grow is not properly appreciated by the country, and we therefore cheerfully avail ourselves of this opportunity to speak of him as he deserves. He has been represented as a bitter and factious partizan. His manner is a little sharp, and has aided in giving this impression. But it is not the real nature of the man. He is earnest, sincere, truthful, amiable and conservative—diligent in business, irreproachable in life, and devoted to the best interests of the people, as evinced by his Homestead Bill. A noble future to Galusha A. Grow.

THE NEW YORK TABLET, ORGAN OF THE IRISH CATHOLICS OF NEW YORK, ON SEWARD'S SPEECH.—We commend to the notice of the Democratic Scribblers in this State, who attempt to create the impression that Seward's speech was a small affair, to what the N. Y. *Tablet*, a widely influential organ of the Irish Catholics of New York, says. The *Tablet*, of March 10, has the following:

"The event of the week in Congress, was however, the speech of Mr. Seward. The manner in which that distinguished man has been abused and calumniated by such papers as the infamous *Herald* of this city, the *Express* and other unscrupulous sheets, had disgusted honest men of all parties, and honest men of no party, that all perused Mr. Seward's speech with eagerness and even with sympathy. We say nothing of the political ideas advanced in that discourse, for they are out of our resort here, but it was a triumphant and annihilating reply to the shameful accusations heaped upon Mr. Seward, while it did not even dignify them by alluding to them. It struck the mercenary press-a dumb, and it took them two days to get breath enough to bark at it. As a calm, dignified and patriotic discourse, it was worthy of the palmiest days of the U. S. Senate. All Mr. Seward's honorable political opponents—all the respectable Democratic journals, with a cancer which does them honor, do justice to this effort of a high minded man, and a sincere lover of his country and the Union."

A BEAUTIFUL CHARITY BY MR. SEWARD.—There is a friend of ours, who says he was out visiting lately, where there was a lady—a plain good body, from the region of Auburn, N. Y., the home of the great Senator. She says that Mr. Seward was once travelling and stopped at a country hotel, where the general topic, for the time was about an Irish neighbor near by, whose wife had been just made the mother of three fine children at a birth. The landlord representing that the family were poor, Mr. Seward proposed to go with him and make a call. The mother learning that it was Gov. Seward who had called on her—requested him to name the triplets. What to do, he hardly knew, but the mother insisted—whereupon he said he would do so, if she would allow him to name them—all girls—after the three ladies he thought the most of—his mother, his wife and his daughter. "Nothing," said the mother, "would please me better"—and so they were named. As Mr. Seward left, he gave each of the children ten dollars, saying that he would like to hear from them, and if they did well, perhaps he might do a little more for them sometime. In process of time they were left orphans, and their case was reported to Mr. Seward. He obtained them each places where they might go to school, and he is now educating them. They are at present 15 years of age, and are the most promising of the students in the school.

This little story shows us the great Senator in a new light—and is quite as creditable to his heart as his great speeches are to his intellect.—*Aurora (Ill.) Beacon.*

ANNUAL CONVENTION OF GENERAL TICKET AGENTS.—The annual Convention of General Ticket Agents of the various Railroads, will be held at Pittsburg on the third Wednesday in April, for the purpose of arranging passenger rates between the West, Southwest, and East. It is expected that the Convention will be largely attended, as the questions which will come before it are of great importance to the Railroad interests of the country. We learn that the shorter lines to New York, Baltimore and Philadelphia will insist upon a comparatively low rate of fare, and the fact will doubtless give rise to an animated contest in the Convention. The proceedings will be looked to with no little interest.

THE NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTION AND THE DOUGLASITES.—The Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazette* telegraphs that "the result of the election in New Hampshire, like that in Chicago, has had a most dispiriting effect on the Douglasites. They desired to show the Southern men that the Little Giant was omnipotent at the North. Failing in this, his chance is gone. If Connecticut goes Republican, the last nail will have been driven into his coffin."

KENTUCKY DELEGATES.—The Kentucky State Central Committee have issued the following call:

"The several Congressional districts will proceed to elect two delegates and two alternates the Republican National Convention, to meet at Chicago, Ill., May 16th 1860. The Senatorial delegates are already appointed, and a State Convention will be called in due time at Richmond, Ky., to appoint State electors."

A WOMAN VOTER.—Much amusement was created at the polls of the Third Ward, at the recent election in Alexandria, Va., by an attempt to carry "Woman's rights" into active exercise. The wife of a voter who was confined to bed by illness appeared and demanded to cast her husband's vote. Upon a refusal she became quite irate, and in reply to the jeers of some of the crowd, seized a brickbat, and for a while cleared the front of the polls. She was at length quieted and conducted away.

CURIOUS SURGICAL OPERATION.—The New Orleans correspondent of the Mobile *Register* relates the following:

I have got hold of something novel in the way of a surgical case, which I understand will be reported in full in the *Medical and Surgical Journal*. I don't know what the eminent faculty of your young Medical College will think of the treatment, in a scientific light, but the result proved it good, and perhaps they may try it, if they have a similar case to operate on. A man was brought to the Charity Hospital suffering from an aneurism of the iliac artery, which ordinarily proves fatal if let alone, and generally fatal if an incision is made to tie the artery—or rather the wound and pain and altogether are fatal. There is an instrument of French invention for compressing the artery, destroying the circulation and so causing a coagulation of blood in the artery—but this could not be applied with any assurance of success in the case, and Dr. Stone suggested that the manual compression be resorted to. The suggestion was at once acted upon by twenty students volunteering for the work, my informant being one of the number. For thirty-six hours the thumb of some one of the twenty volunteers was pressed upon the artery, they being constantly relieved by each other in the laborious duty, and at the end of that time the cure had been effected, the blood having coagulated in the artery below the point of pressure, including the leg below the part compressed. The artery is useless forever, but nature will provide new channels of circulation throughout the limb. Its supplies being exhausted, the aneurism, or ruptured tumor, has to cease its fatal progress and incontinently and in fact "dry up."

THE BENICIA BOY IN PARLIAMENT.—Our New-York bruiser, John C. Heenan, it will be seen, is making something of a figure in the British Parliament, in close connection with grave debates upon questions of political and financial economy. Like Lord Byron, our Knight of the Fist suddenly "wakes up and finds himself famous." Immediately after the great debate on the Budget in the House of Commons, on the 24th, a member called attention to certain petitions praying that steps might be taken by the Government to prevent the "great mill" between the "Boy" and his English antagonist, Tom Sayers. Ministers were asked what steps they intended to pursue in this matter. The reply, in substance was, that the Chief Commissioner of Police would take steps to prevent the fight within the Metropolitan Police District, but no pledge could be given as to the steps which would be taken beyond that limit. Which amounts practically to just this: the knights of the ring may pitch into each other without let or hindrance, anywhere outside of London. Of course, this first rate notice of the affair in the House of Commons, will but operate as an advertisement extra for the bruisers, and bestow upon the beastly business in which they are engaged, a *prestige* which will largely increase the interest a certain class of people, of low tastes, always manifest in such things.

EXCITEMENT AT ELKHORN.—The village and vicinity has been thrown into an unusual excitement the present week by certain facts which have been developed concerning the abuse of a young girl, and indentured servent of Mr. Jacob Ketchapaw, living in Sugar Creek. The girl Mary A. Bailey, now nearly eighteen years of age was taken from the Milwaukee poor house some years since by Mr. Edward Winne, of this village, and by him transferred to Mr. Ketchapaw, with whom she has lived some three years. Monday of this week upon complaint of Mr. Ketchapaw's neighbors, the girl was brought to the County House by Mr. Ketchapaw, where she now lies, in a truly pitiable condition, diseased, her feet badly frozen, and bearing upon her person unmistakable evidence of having been most inhumanly treated.

An Irishman in the employment of Mr. Ketchapaw, was arrested on Wednesday, on complaint of Mr. Madden, charged with assault upon the girl, examined by Justice Lloyd, plead guilty, and was fined $10. His fine was paid by Mr. Ketchapaw, the next day.

The case is one which strongly appeals to the sympathies of every one and has very naturally created an intense feeling in the community.

The matter will be brought before the Grand Jury on Monday next and a full investigation had.

We deem it but just in this connection to say that Mr. Ketchapaw is a farmer of means, a member of the Methodist Church, and a man of good standing in community.—*Elkhorn Independent*, 16th.

PRIVATE THEATRICALS generally, we think, are an agonizing pleasure—that is to say—you feel compelled to discover wit in dullness, talent in obtuseness, and enjoyment in a bore. But, once in a while people of real cleverness engage in them; literary taste, intuitive histronic inclinations, and genuine humor. Then the entertainment is rendered agreeable by its naturalness—by the animation of the performers, and the hearty, genial spirit which pervades the whole atmosphere of the mimic stage. Under such circumstances the auditor is a happy man, or he is a curmudgeon—if there be any music under the ribs on his left side, it will vibrate when "Putkins" searches for his ancestry, or meditates upon the literature of a graveyard, when the unsophisticated "Phoebe" charms us with her radiant smile, "Mrs. Perkins" with her feminine adroitness, or "Dollman" surprises us in a declination that would do credit to any sock or buskin. Then, to see "Milly" with her milking pail, "Algeron" with his palette, "Lord Philander" with his gun, and "Dicon" in his red wig, is a pleasure to be marked with a white stone in one's memory, to last until—the next season, of course.

But a word should be said in thanks to those benevolent and self-sacrificing ladies who consent to have their apartments turned topsy-turvy for such occasions, and who receive their "auditors" with such grace, and provide for their enjoyment with such tact, as to secure to all the full meed of pleasure anticipated. Not all who desire, know how to accomplish this—yet, with others it appears so easy and natural that one forgets the tyrranny that banishes chairs, sofas, tables, &c., to a "cold hall," for the accommodation of those who fill the spaces thus vacated. But woman is kind, ingenious, winning, and her smile is the light of existence.—[Curtain drops accidentally.]—*Boston Post.*

FATAL ACCIDENT.—On last Friday afternoon, a young man, preparing for the ministry, by the name of Ira W. Calkins of this county, and son of Wm. B. Calkins, met with an untimely death, under the following painful circumstances:—He was attending the Biblical Institute of Concord, N. H., and having taken tea on the above afternoon, in company with another student, started to take a walk along the Railroad track. After having walked leisurely for about a mile from the Institute, they met the track workmen coming down the rail on a hand-car, which was stopped and the two, got aboard. Wishing to exercise themselves, they volunteered to turn the crank, which the workmen allowed them to do. After turning a short time, the deceased, attempting to change hands, made a mis-step, and the crank being in motion at the time, struck him on the abdomen, throwing him off the car with great violence, on the rail directly in front. The back of his skull, which came in contact with the rail, was badly fractured, and the car, which was still in motion, ran over his body with a sudden jerk, which threw the other young man off, injuring him severely. The deceased expired almost instantly. Mr. Calkins was a young man of much promise, and his loss is severely felt by all who knew him. He was about twenty-two years of age, and was just entering upon what was hoped to be a career of usefulness. His remains were brought home to Seward for burial, and the sad and solemn ceremonies took place on the 5th inst.—*Schoharie Co. Jeffersonian.*

FROM DETROIT TO BOSTON DIRECT.—The Boston *Traveller* of Tuesday says: "It is proposed to lay a broad gauge track on the line of the Eastern Railroad from Portland to Boston. The Boston Board of Trade, have received a communication from the Grand Trunk Railroad Company, agreeing to allow their cars to come through in care of the Eastern Company. To build this additional track will cost but $300,000, and the result will be a heavy per centage of freight profits to the Eastern Railroad on their investment—for bulk will not be broken, between Detroit and Boston and the trade between the West and the metropolis over the line will be immense. It is now thought that the proposition will be agreed to by all the parties in interest."

A LIBERAL COLLECTION.—Last Sunday morning Rev. Dr. Adams, of the Madison Square Presbyterian Church, New York, made an earnest appeal in behalf of the American Board of Commissioners of Foreign Missions, the result of which was an impromptu collection of a larger sum than was, perhaps, ever before taken up in an American church, in this manner, for a similar object. Including a sum given during the previous week, the amount collected was *eleven thousand dollars.*

GEN. JACKSON'S REMAINS.—Andrew Jackson writes to the Governor of Tennessee to say that it was the dying request of his father that his remains and those of his wife should be permitted to rest in peace at the Hermitage. Mr. Jackson, therefore, protests against the act of the Legislature for their removal.

SPRING HARROWING AND ROLLING OF WHEAT—EXPERIMENTS WITH MANURES.—As soon as the wheat has commenced to grow vigorously, it should be harrowed carefully with an implement suited for this purpose. A grass harrow is generally the best adapted for this work, for the teeth are short, and it will break the crust on the surface of the soil without injuring the roots of the wheat plants.

Some judgment and experience are necessary in determining the correct time for performing this operation. If the wheat be harrowed too soon, the straggling plants may be torn up by the roots. If the work is done too late in the season, the young stems may be bruised and broken so much that the harrowing will do more harm than good. The farmer must use his own discretion in this matter. We have always found spring harrowing to succeed best at the time when the crop has fully recovered from the effects of winter, and is beginning to braid strongly.—About this time a number of annual weeds will be springing up from the seed, and the destruction of these by the harrow will be exceedingly beneficial to the wheat.

In preparing for clover and grass seeds, it is necessary to break up the crust which forms on the surface of the field of winter wheat, that the seed may have a mellow bed and some covering. In the sowing of fall wheat, the soil is generally left as rough as is compatible with the growth of the plants. Spring harrowing breaks up these lumps, and the application of the roller pulverizes them completely, and leaves a fine level surface which retains moisture, resists heat, and presents no obstacles to the reaper. Farmers should make experiments with various manures as a top dressing for wheat. In Belgium, where excellent crops of every kind are raised, the farmers never neglect top-dressing their wheat with a composition of wood, &c. By this means, agreeable produce is increased very much. There are large quantities of excellent manure wasted in this country, while the crops are deteriorating for want of such fertilizing ingredients. Gypsum is a Michigan product, and should be used by every farmer in the State, it can be profitably applied to almost every kind of crop.

We advise our rural friends to get in their spring wheat as soon as the soil is fit to receive it; also, to harrow and roll the winter wheat, and to try experiments with various kinds of top-dressing, and note the results.

THE BOLDNESS OF A ROMISH PRIEST.—Prayers were put up in the Romish churches in Washington last Sunday, for the Pope, in his controversy with Louis Napoleon. A clergyman of this denomination, a foreigner, a few months ago, preaching in a church in the neighborhood of this city, took occasion to lament that the people of this country were not compelled by law, as they were in the old country, to kneel and uncover their heads to the host as it passed along the street. But he said the time was coming when this would be done; they had only to wait patiently for it. This was related to me by a gentleman who was present and heard the remarks. I have only to say that the preacher was more bold that prudent.—*Cor. Phil. News.*

ACCORDING to advices from the East, the European trade with Japan has been stopped, in consequence of the manner in which the traffic has been carried on. Some Indian capitalists are reported to have made large profits through the ignorance of the population of the relative value of gold and silver. The people, it is said, were induced to exchange their gold for silver, weight for weight, and the practice was not even checked until they found that the Europeans would not, when occasion required, barter the gold back on similar terms. A gradual appreciation of the gold then took place, and even at the date of last accounts a gain of 40 per cent was being realized by such purchases as could be effected.

CHESS CONGRESS.—A Western Chess Congress is to be held in St. Louis, commencing on the 11th of April next. Of the many players who have been invited *privately*, Messrs. Morphy, Paulsen, Tillson, Dudley, Faber, Pierson, Rowland, &c., have signified their intention of being present. Many others are expected, among whom are Messrs. Morgan, Kennicott, Nicholson and Turner, of Chicago; Smith, French, Schmidt, Meredith and Fosdick, of Cincinnati; Ballard, of Louisville, &c. The Congress will be under the auspices of the St. Louis Chess Club, who have made such arrangements that all who attend will be provided with accommodations *gratis*, while in the city, and treated with a brotherly love.

A TRUTHFUL AND CHEAP BAROMETER.—Take a clean glass bottle and put in it a small quantity of finely pulverized alum. Then fill the bottle with spirits of wine. The alum will be perfectly dissolved by the alcohol, and in clear weather the liquid will be as transparent as the purest water. On the approach of rain or cloudy weather, the alum will be visible in a flaky spiral cloud in the centre of the fluid, reaching from the bottom to the surface. This is a cheap, simple and beautiful barometer, and is placed within the reach of all who wish to possess one. For simplicity of construction, this is altogether superior to the frog barometer in general use in Germany.

ATTEMPT TO BURN UP A WIFE.—On Thursday evening of last week, in New York, Charles Scholl, a German tailor, set fire to the bed upon which his wife was sleeping. She awoke before the flames reached her, and by her screams brought assistance to the house, through which means the flames were soon extinguished.

Wants.

FARM WANTED.

ANY PERSON HAVING A FARM from 40 to 80 acres, in a good farming district, with some buildings on it, well watered, and willing to put the price down level with the times, can hear of a cash customer by addressing TORRINGTON, mar21 9?d3t Post Office, Milwaukee Wis.

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

I WANT TO EMPLOY A VERY STEADY man for three months to assist me in my Auction and Commission business. He must write a good business hand, quick in figures, well acquainted with ourcurrency, and must have a general knowledge of the people of Milwaukee. A single young man would be preferred, but will have no objection to one who is married, provided he is qualified. It is useless for anyone to apply except he understands all I have said. CALEB WALL.

WANTED TO PURCHASE. THE INTEREST of a Temperance Restaurant already established, in a flourishing town, or Railroad Station in this State or Michigan. Address, stating particulars, box 1832 Milwaukee Post Office. oct26

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

I WANT TO PURCHASE A LOT IN Milwaukee Proper, Fifth Ward, clear for all cash down. The lot must be free from all dispute whatever. CALEB WALL.

CITY AUCT ON ROOM.

WANT TO PURCHASE FROM TEN or fifteen thousand dollars worth of property in the city limits. Said property want to purchase by the acre. Apply to CALEB WALL.

Auction Sales.

CITY AUCTION ROOM,

NUMBER 146 EAST WATER STREET, Milwaukee. CALEB WALL will sell all descriptions of goods at his usual prices: advance on all goods, and sell at public or private sale. sep21

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

GRAND SALE OF SUPERFINE FURNITURE.—I will sell at public auction, on Thursday, March 29th, all the furniture of Mr. Kimball, at his dwelling house on Grand street, in the brick dwelling house between Knapp and Ogden sts. The furniture is of a superior quality. The sale will commence at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. Ladies are particularly invited to attend the sale. The articles of furniture are numerous, but it is impossible to give a full list of them in this advertisement. A catalogue is now being made, which will be ready in a few days. The furniture is 9?, viz: Brussells carpets, rosewood parlor furniture, chamber furniture of every description, drawing room furniture of every description, kitchen furniture of all varieties, &c. The furniture is all new and of the very best. Call at the auction room on Wednesday, March 21st, and get a catalogue of said furniture. CALEB WALL, mar17 City Auctioneer.

City Auction Room.

WAREHOUSE SALE FOR WESTERN TRANSPORTATION CO., of the following Goods, will be sold at my Auction Room, March 27th, 1860, at 10 o'clock:

(B.)—{ ½ half Pipes Liquor. ¼ do do { 1 Case Segars.

No mark—1 bbl nails, kerries, &c.
W. F. Hey—1 Package Sundries.
{ 1 Lamp.
P. P.—1 green chest.
A. Caudi—1 box.
J. O. Taylor—1 piece machinery.
N. Tompkins—1 trunk.
J. A. Sawyer—{ 1 cold bunger. 1 bale old harness.
J. A. Rossman, care of Bousman & Co.—2 barrels whiskey.
W. B. & L. Alexander—{ 1 safe. 1 Thresher.
B. D. Bacon, care of H. & J. F. Hill—1 Thresher.
CALEB WALL, City Auction Room.

City Auction Room.

CHATTEL MORTGAGE SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A CHATTEL MORTGAGE executed to Louis P. Meierz and Charles Milenitz by the undersigned Charles Roth, dated June, A. D. 1859, and filed in the office of the Clerk of the city of Milwaukee, in the State of Wisconsin, on the 6th day of June, A. D. 1 59, and upon which default has been made, I shall sell the property therein mentioned and described, viz: Hats, Caps, Furs, Gloves, Winter Shoes, and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, at public auction, at the store No. 399 East Water street, in said city of Milwaukee, on the 23d day of March, A. D. 1860, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day.

Dated Milwaukee, the 19th day of March, 1 60.
CHARLES ROTH, Mortgagee.
mar19 CALEB WALL, City Auctioneer.

WILLIAMS & RODWAY,

Auction and Commission Merchants,

LAND AGENTS AND MONEY BROKERS,

19 WISCONSIN STREET, 19.

WILL GIVE PARTICULAR ATTENTION to the sale of Furniture, Dry Goods, and every description of Merchandize, & their Sale room or in any part of the City or County.

☞ Liberal advances on consignments, and prompt returns made.

N.B.—Bonds, Notes, and Mortgages negotiated.

WM. WILLIAMS. W. H. RODWAY.
Milwaukee, January 17, 1859. jan18 6m3dly

THE LUXURY OF THE SEASON! Thomson's Corrugated Skirts.

For sale by the principal Retailers.

Amusements.

BADGER STATE BOWLING SALOON

NO. 107 MAIN STREET.

PINS AND BALLS FOR SALE, AND sent to any part of the country. W. LAURENCE. mar2 6?d1y

ALBANY RESTAURANT AND BILLIARD ROOM.

Albany Block, corner Main and Michigan Sts

OPPOSITE NEWHALL HOUSE, MILWAUKEE.

☞ Ladies' Entrance second door on Main street nov2 3m643dly

For Sale or Rent.

HOUSE TO LET.

BRICK HOUSE, WITH BATH ROOM and other conveniences, on Fifth Street, between City Limits and Sycamore. CHAS. H. WILLIAMS mar19 d3t

Houses for Rent or Sale.

M. L. SKINNER, Office No. 4 Martin's Block.

SEVERAL HOUSES ON LEASED LAND for sale very cheap. M. L. SKINNER.

THE GREENLEAF RESIDENCE, NEAR the Fourth Ward School, for sale very low. Also 10 lots on Greenleaf street. M. L. SKINNER.

Houses to Let.

TWO BRICK HOUSES ON ASTOR ST., near Division. Rent low. Possession given immediately. Apply to A. F. CLARKE, No. 4 Mitchell's Building, Milwaukee, March 3d, 1860. mar5 d3?w

TO LET.

THE BRICK STORE NO. 139 EAST Water street, now occupied by Green & Burton. Possession given the 1st of May. Apply to A. F. CLARKE, Feb. 15th, 1860. No. 4 Mitchell's Building.

TO LET, OR FOR SALE.

THE BRICK HOUSE ON THE CORNER of Martin and Lake streets, known as the Grant House. Possession given May 1st. Inquire of A. F. CLARKE, Feb 9 6?m3 No. 4 Mitchell's Building.

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

FOR SALE OR FOR RENT ON VERY easy terms, the North tenement of double house on Jackson street. Second tenement above Sherill House. The house is in good order and very convenient. Possession given immediately. Apply to CALEB WALL, Owner. feb7

Steamboat City of Cleveland FOR SALE.

THE STEAMER CITY OF CLEVELAND was built by Bidwell, Banta & Co., in 1857, is of well seasoned timber and of eighty-eight tons burthen, or thereabout.

This Steamer has ample passenger accommodations, and is well furnished and equipped as a first class passenger boats; her capacity for freight and passengers is fifty cords of wood and 400 passengers in the lakes of her tonnage, and is a staunch first class sea boat.

She will be sold on very favorable terms, both as to price and terms of payment, and to parties desiring to purchase to run in connection with the Detroit & Buffalo Line. A full description of her will be guaranteed to the purchaser. For further particulars enquire of PASCALE P. PRATT, Of the firm of Pratt & Co., Buffalo.

jan19 2?d2?no

ALSO FOR SALE,

THE THREE SCHOONERS, TO WIT: schooner ELIZA LOGAN, tonnage 349 65-95; schooner WINDS OF THE WEST, tonnage 370; schooner GOV. HUNT, tonnage 349 65-95.

Either or all of the above named vessels will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply to PRATT & CO., jan2 2?d2?no Buffalo, N. Y.

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

THE OFFICE ROOMS OVER THE Railroad Offices, corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets, for rent up to the 1st of May, next. The best location in the city. CALEB WALL. oct7

Pork and Beef Packers.

NEW SUGAR CURED HAMS.

JUST FROM SMOKE HOUSE, A FINE lot of sugar-cured hams and dried beef, for sale by LAYTON & PLANKINTON. jan26

EDWARD RODDIS,

WEST WATER STREET, HAS CONSTANTLY in store, for sale—

Mess Pork, Mess Beef, Lead Lard, in bbls and half bbls; Bacon, Green and Smoked; Smoked Sugar Cured Hams; Smoked Sugar Cured Shoulders; Soap, Candles, Tallow, &c., &c. d1y

SAVE THE PIECES.

USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD.

Dollars Saved to Every Family!

READ THIS LIST AND YOU WILL find something that needs mending by Carman's Negative Glue or Cement. IT DOES NOT COLOR CHINA OR GLASS.

Mends Account Books,		Mends Slates,	
" Bureaus,		" Sugar Bowls,	
" Cradles,		" Egg Jumpers,	
" Chairs,		" Parian Vases,	
" Knobs,		" Pannier Mantel,	
" China Ware,		" Ivory Work,	
" Table Handles,		" Pictures,	
" Feet,		" Leather Work,	
" Stools,		" Harness,	
" Bureaus,		" Whips,	
" Bureaus,		" Tower Racks,	
" Inlaid Work,		" Wax Goods,	
" Jars,		" Bedsteads,	
" Chess Boards,		" Drums,	
" Shell Work,		" Glassware,	
" Knobs on Furniture,		" Backgammon Boards,	
" Leather Work,		" Band Boxes,	
" Picture Frames,		" Billiard Cues,	
" Ottomans,		" Bird Cages,	
" Rocking Horses,		" Book Cases,	
" Babies,		" Brush Handles,	
" Vases,		" Delicate Ware,	
" Work Boxes,		" Cabinets,	
" Lockets,		" Dining Plates,	
" Accordeons,		" Curtain Pins,	
" Daguerreotype Cases,		" Chairs,	
" Dusters,		" Coats,	
" Books,		" Cloth Frames,	
" Paper Hangings,		" Card Cases,	
" Rosewood Furniture,		" Work Stands,	
" Desks,		" Lishes,	
" Spoons,		" Dice Boxes,	
" Hobby Horses,		" Doors,	
" Secretaries,		" Ice Creamers,	
" Screens of all kinds,		" Fire Boards,	
" School Furniture,		" Easels and Work,	
" Crockery,		" Mouldings,	
" Glassware,		" Willow Ware	
" Tea Cups,		" Pipe Stems.	

It is good for Burns, by applying a cool and moderate coat and afterwards covering with linen cloth.

It is good for Corns. Apply as above for Burns.

It is good for frosted ears or feet. Apply as with burns or cloth with abrush or cloth

TALLMAN & COLLINS, Janesville, Wisconsin.

JOHN RICE, Wholesale Agent, Milwaukee. mar19jt3daw2w

Wisconsin State Mercantile College

Juneau Block, East Water Street.

THIS INSTITUTION OFFERS TO young men great facilities for the acquisition of a complete PRACTICAL and MODERN business Education, embracing Wholesale and Retail Merchandise, Railroading, Manufacturing, Forwarding and Commission, Steamboating, Banking, &c., all of which are practical Accountants, the Student is taught in the most thorough, expeditious and satisfactory manner, and on leaving obtain a Diploma. He has a thorough course and can pass the necessary examination.

PENMANSHIP,

Practical and Ornamental, in all its forms, by L. S. CHARLETT, whose services the proprietor has engaged, and whose specimens of Penmanship, which almost defy competition.

Great attention is paid to the forms of business letters, Documents, Bills of Exchange, Due Bills, Orders, &c.

Many young men after completing their course obtain good situations. Merchants apply here for first class help.

The proprietor will furnish rooms for Students, with or without board. Apply for Catalogues.

jan18 2?d1y C. F. LARIGO, President.

LIGHT, FLEXIBLE AND STRONG,

NGVEL AND BEAUTIFUL IN SHAPE,

Approved by all,

Inquire for THOMSON'S CORRUGATED SKIRTS

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

A GREAT CHANCE TO GET A STOCK of Books, Stationery, a few Dry Goods, Watches, Jewelry, &c., &c. That is in store about twenty-five hundred dollars worth of said goods, which the owner will exchange for a small house and lot in the city or a farm within three or four miles of the city. The Books are valuable and command the cash. CALEB WALL.

jan5

Groceries and Provisions.

EDWARD TRUSLOW, WHOLESALE DEALER IN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC FRUITS, CONFECTIONERY, &c.,

112 East Water Street, Milwaukee, oct26

CITRON—LEGHORN EXTRA, FOR sale by EDWARD TRUSLOW, jan17

DATES—ARABIAN IN FRAILS, FOR sale by EDWARD TRUSLOW, 119 East Water st.

RAISINS—M. R. AND LAYER, IN whole, half and quarter boxes, for sale by EDWARD TRUSLOW, 119 East Water street.

CONFECTIONERY.—A LARGE AND varied assortment on hand and for sale by EDWARD TRUSLOW, Wholesale Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Fruits and Confectionery 119 East Water street.

PRESERVES. A VARIED ASSORTMENT on hand, and for sale by EDWARD TRUSLOW, 119 East Water st. oct26

RAHAT-EE-LOKOOM, CUEFDARE, OR Turkish Fig Paste, and Grape Paste, for sale by EDWARD TRUSLOW, Wholesale Dealer in Foreign Fruits, 119 East Water street. oct26

FRENCH PRUNES.—A PRIME LOT FOR sale by EDWARD TRUSLOW, 119 East Water St.

APPLES, IN PRIME ORDER, FOR sale by EDWARD TRUSLOW, Wholesale Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Fruits 119 East Water street.

CHEESE

ENGLISH CHEDDAR, VERY FRESH and choice; American Pine Apple Cheese; Sap Sago Cheese; Herkimer County Cheese.

FISH.

Boston Mackerel, in kits; Kennebec Salmon, do; Connecticut Shad, do; Kennebec salmon, smoked.

BUTTER.

From selected Wisconsin Dairies,

SUGAR CURED HAMS.

SUGARS.

Hasemeyer's & Moller's Patent Cut Loaf, Crushed, Powdered, Granulated and Coffee Sugars.

TEAS.

English Breakfast, Oolongs and Young Hysons, finest qualities.

COFFEES.

Old Mocha and Government Java, choice Rio and Laguira.

DRIED FRUITS.

Layer Raisins, in half, whole and quarter boxes; Zante Currants, Prunes and Figs.

CHAMPAGNES.

From Heidsieck & Co., Moet & Chandon. Also, other brands.

LIQUORS.

Of the finest qualities, warranted pure and unadulterated.

CIGARS.

Havana Cigars, medium and choice.

TWINES.

Cotton Seine and Bag Twines; Gilling Twine, No. 50, white and grey, superior quality.

AGENCY FOR SANDS' CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE

PALE CREAM ALES!

My stock of choice Groceries, Condiments, Sauces, Pickles, &c., &c., will commend favorably with any in the city. All orders wanted and delivered free in any part of the city.

JOHN W. LEDYARD, feb?3 Grocer and Wine Dealer, 161 East Water street.

"The Old Corner Store Alive."

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

FAMILY GROCERS,

Corner of East Water and Mason Streets.

HAVE THE LARGEST AND MOST complete assortment of

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

Can, Dried and Foreign Fruits,

HAMBURGH CHEESE, and in fact all articles kept in a ready for the family Grocery, and at prices and quality that cannot be beat. We would enumerate, but prefer our friends to call and look for themselves. In order to sustain our reputation for selling according to the wants of our customers with the same prompt care and integrity that has characterized THE OLD CORNER for the past ten years.

feb2 1?d2?-tawly HUNN & CROSBY.

GROCERIES.

THE UNDERSIGNED, OF THE LATE firm of Gilman & Gunnison, has removed into store 135 East Water street, where he will have consigned to it a large general assortment of Groceries, Provisions, Wines and Liquors, Dried Fruits, &c., which he will offer low for cash, or prompt paying customers. He will be pleased to see any of the friends of the old firm, and known and as many new ones as may favor him with a call.

Milwaukee, April 25th, 1859. W. M. SINCLAIR. ap26 2?d3m

J. D. ALLCOTT. A. H. ALLCOTT.

ALLCOTT BROTHERS,

FAMILY GROCERS,

22 Chestnut Street,

MILWAUKEE.

Goods Delivered Promptly, Free of Charge. dec15 3?d3?dly

L. T. CHASE & CO.,

SHIP CHANDLERS & GROCERS,

Wholesale & Retail,

Waldo's Block, Cor. East Water & Chicago Sts

OFFER IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS:

Manilla Rope, (all sizes);
Russia do do
Tarred Hemp Rope, (all sizes);
Marline, Houseline,
Hambrilines,
Spun Yarn,
Lath Yarn,
Cotton Cloth, (all numbers);
Tar, Pitch,
Oakum, Oars,
Blocks, Hooks and Thimbles,
Seine Twine,
Paints, Oils, &c., &c.,

And a full assortment of everything usually found in a first class Ship Chandlery Store.

Augl3 ly&d&w

TO TRUNK MAKERS & SADDLERS

5,000 YARDS CANVASS, ALL NUMbers, 22 to 44 inches wide, in store and for sale cheap. L. T. CHASE & CO. dec2

HIDE ROPE, HAY ROPE AND BALING TWINE, in lots to suit, cheap for cash, by L. T. CHASE & C

Special Notices.

Bryan's Tasteless Vermifuge.

Toll the bell for pretty Nell,
All the household's pride.
She died, they say, of worms the prey,
Although with medicine plied,
'Twas Jalap, Mercury, and nauseboge,
That helped her too her doom:
But Bryan's Tasteless Vermifuge
Saves thousands from the tomb.

Put up in bottles. Price 25 dimes. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and by druggists. mar17d1m

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS,

Prepared by Cornelius L. Cheeseman, M.D., NEW YORK CITY.

THE COMBINATION OF INGREDIENTS in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, Painful Menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature

TO MARRIED LADIES,

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills are invaluable, as they will bring on the monthly period with regularity. Ladies who have been disappointed in the use of other Pills can have the utmost confidence in Dr. Cheeseman's Pills doing all that they represent to do.

NOTICE.

There is one condition of the female system in which the Pills cannot be taken without producing a PECULIAR RESULT. The condition referred to is PREGNANCY—the result, MISCARRIAGE. Such is the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore the sexual functions to a normal condition, that even the reproductive power of nature cannot resist it.

Warranted purely vegetable, and free from anything injurious. Explicit directions, which should be read, accompany each box. Prices $1. Sent by Mail on enclosing $1 to DR. CORNELIUS L. CHEESEMAN, P.O. Box 4586, Post Office, New York City.

For sale by one druggist in every town in the United States.

R. E. HUTCHINS,
General Agent for the United States,
No. 14 Broadway, New York.

To whom all Wholesale orders should be addressed.

For sale in Milwaukee by Green & Button, and H. Bosworth & Son. mar3-389dxwsow

Dr. Jas. McClintock's Pectoral Syrup

STANDING IN THE FIRST RANK OF the profession. Dr. McClintock has given his medicine to the world under the guaranty of his high reputation, as a means of certain, immediate, and permanent relief in diseases of the throat and lungs which have defied all other remedies.

Price $1. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and other druggists. marm2dim

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

DON'T FAIL TO PROCURE MRS. Winslow's soothing syrup for children teething. It is now or never with you. It greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful Female Physicians in New England, and has been used with never failing success in millions of cases.

We consider it the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause.

If life and health can be estimated by dollars and cents, it is worth its weight in gold.

Millions of bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is an old and well tried remedy.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

Be sure none genuine unless the fac simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world. Office No. 13 Cedar street, New York.

For sale in Milwaukee by John Rice. le15d1m&w&twly

KENOSHA WATER CURE

IS PERMANENTLY LOCATED IN ONE of the most healthy cities on Lake Michigan, between Milwaukee and Chicago, and has been thoroughly refitted and enlarged so as to accommodate a large number of patients. Experienced nurses are constantly employed to attend all patients at the Cure. Dr. Bedley is the acting physician, whose reputation is unsurpassed in the entire west.

For particulars and circular, address

E. PENNOYER, Proprietor, Or,
H. T. BEDLEY, M. D.

aug16sdawly.

Dr. McClintock's Cold and Cough Mixture

IS A COMBINATION OF NATURE'S vegetable antidotes to the irritation and disturbance of the breathing apparatus, which produce colds, coughs, hoarseness, and sore throat. It removes in a very short time every vestige of inflammation from the lungs and throat, and renews the free respiration of perfect health.

Price 25 cts. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and other druggists. marm2dim

THE PUBLIC BLESSING WHICH IS now so universally admitted to exist in Moffat's Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters, is every day demonstrated by their astonishing efficacy in the cases which they are announced to cure. All the complaints of the stomach and bowels, weakness of the digestive organs and of the system generally, bilious and liver affections, night fevers, head aches, piles costiveness, consumption, rheumatism, scurvy, impurity of the blood, or blotched and sallow complexions, soon yield to their curative properties. A single trial invariably secures them the title of the best family medicine now before the public. For sale by the proprietor, W. B. MOFFAT, at his office, 335 Broadway, and by Store Keepers and Druggists generally. oct18862dtwsawly

Drugs and Medicines.

Fine Brandies and Wines,
Fine Brandies and Wines,
Fine Brandies and Wines,
Fine Brandies and Wines,
Fine Brandies and Wines,
Fine Brandies and Wines,

Imported in Bond,
Imported in Bond,
Imported in Bond,
Imported in Bond,
Imported in Bond,
Imported in Bond,

Expressly for the Drug Trade.
Expressly for the Drug Trade.
Expressly for the Drug Trade.
Expressly for the Drug Trade.
Expressly for the Drug Trade.
Expressly for the Drug Trade.

By H. BOSWORTH & SONS.
feb27 Wholesale Druggists, Milwaukee.

JOHN RICE,

WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,

No. 83 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED FROM PITMAN & BROTHERS, of Louisville, a supply of mixed BIRDSEED, Canary) Hemp, Millet and Rape, put up in small packages, suitable for retailing, 24 packages in a box, which I am sell at a low figure. Also a full supply of

SAPONICA,
GUM CAMPHOR,
RE-SUBLIMATE,
GLAUBER SALT,
SULPHUR,
ALUM,
CREAM TARTAR,
BAKING SODA,
LIQUORICE,
BATH BRICK,
CASTOR OIL,
OLIVE OIL,
OPIUM,
QUININE,
MORPHINE,
ALCOHOL,
BURNING FLUID,
CAMPHENE,
TURPENTINE,
MACHINE OIL,
LINSEED OIL,
WHITE LEAD,

And a full assortment of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Glass Ware, Spices, &c., &c. aug8

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

HENRY FESS, JR.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST,

195 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

20 BARRELS WINTER BLEACHED Whale Oil, for sale by HENRY FESS, JR., Druggist.

BOERHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS. 8 gross received and for sale by HENRY FESS, JR., jan19 Wholesale Agent for Milwaukee.

REED'S BAKING POWDERS, FOR sale, by the gross or dozen, also, at retail. HENRY FESS, JR., Druggist.

CONCENTRATED LYE.—30 CASES RECEIVED, and for sale by HENRY FESS, JR., 195 East Water st.

AYERS' CHERRY PECTORAL, FOR sale by HENRY FESS, JR., Druggist.

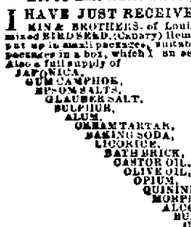
WINTER STRAINED LARD OIL.—10 bbls received and for sale by HENRY FESS, JR., Druggist.

50 BOXES SPERM CANDLES, FOR sale by HENRY FESS, JR., 195 East Water St.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN WINDOW Glass, all sizes. A large lot in store and for sale by HENRY FESS, JR., Druggist, 195 East Water St.

BURNING FLUID, FOR SALE BY HENRY FESS, JR., Druggist.

SCHUMACHER & JOHNSON



MANUFACTURERS of the GREAT WESTERN FIRE, POWDER & Burglar-Proof Safes,

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EARLY SNOWDROPS.

BY E. C. HARTLEY.

Early snowdrops! pearls unfolden!
Laughed a blue-eyed child in glee,
Mingled with the crocus golden
Ye shall make a wreath for me!
While the ice is on the river,
And its gushing song is dumb,
Ere the arrowy sunbeams quiver,
As the purple violets come.

Early snowdrops, white and shining,
Said a mother with a sigh,
O'er a little grave you're twining,
Pure as winds that whisper high!
When my soul is tempest driven,
Those starred portals brighten there,
Doth my little Rose in Heaven
Wreathed celestial snowdrops wear?

Early snowdrops, flowers of blessing,
Said a sick girl, bending low,
Shall I see the sun caressing
June's fair roses ere I go;
In my home where jessamines growing,
O'er the porch where sunrise burst?
But my tears ye urge to flowing,
Early snowdrops, we were first.

Early snowdrops, meek and lowly,
As the thoughts our child-soul knew,
Types of faith so high and holy,
Watered by salvation's dew;
Angel flowers to mortals granted,
Teaching pure white thoughts to wear,
Children's souls to Heaven implanted
Once earth's early snowdrops were.

ON A SKELETON.

Behold this ruin! 'Tis a skull,
Once of etherial spirit full!
This narrow cell was life's retreat:
This space was thought's mysterious seat.
What beauteous pictures filled this spot!
What dreams of pleasure, long forgot!
Nor love, nor joy, nor hope, nor fear,
Has left one trace of record here!

Beneath this mouldering canopy
Once shone the bright and busy eye—
But, start not at the dismal void!
If pious love that eye employed,
If with a heavenward look it glowed,
But through the dew of kindness beam'd,
That eye shall be for ever bright,
When stars and sun have lost their light.

Here, in this silent cavern, hung
The ready, swift and tuneful tongue.
If falsehood's honey it disclaimed,
And, where it could not praise, was chained—
If bold in virtue's cause it spoke,
Yet gentle concord never broke;
That tuneful tongue shall plead for thee
When death unveils eternity.

Say, did the fingers delve the mine,
Or with their envied rubies shine?
To fame their industry we trace;
Can nothing now avail to them.
But if the page of truth they sought,
Or comfort to the mourner brought,
These hands a richer meed shall claim,
Than all that waits on wealth and fame.

Avails it whether bare or shod,
These feet the path of duty trod?
If from the way-side pilgrim they fled
To soothe affliction's humbled bed;
If grandeur's guilty bribe they spurn'd,
And hence to virtue's lap return'd,
These feet, with the just worthy throng on high,
Shall tread the palace of the sky.

[Written expressly for the Daily Sentinel]

TWENTY STEPS

TO ONE WOMAN'S HEART.

STEP SIXTEEN.

But the second sitting was more eventful than the first had been. Now, Frances was placed in the exact *pose* required for the great picture; and to complete the effect, a light drapery was thrown over her velvet robe, and fastened after the antique style on her shoulder. For this purpose, Pembroke Ireton selected from his stores a rare cameo, to which belonged a history. It was one of the undoubted works of Benvenuto Cellini, and had been nearly from his day in the possession of a noble French family, whose late descendant, fleeing from the guillotine in the Reign of Terror had rescued it with some other valuables, to prove his means of existence in exile. Pembroke Ireton purchased the brooch at great cost from the collector, who received it from the noble exile's own hand; and this matchless head of Minerva—for such it represented—had independently of the stamp of its own beauty, an authentic pedigree of its possessors, perhaps to gratify the taste of some belle of the eighteenth century, it had been gorgeously set round with brilliants, but though these were included in the price which Pembroke Ireton cheerfully paid for the brooch, he had ruthlessly broken them away, leaving his treasure in its original chaste simplicity.

Very earnest and very honest were Mr. and Mrs. Crawford's expressions of admiration of this exquisite work, and they were discriminating expressions too, so that the painter felt that his guests understood what they praised; and his pale cheek flushed, and his eye sparkled with pleasure as this sympathy declared itself.

By this time the dusty cobweb-festooned parlor had been something more than "swept out." Pembroke Ireton had felt the incongruity of entertaining his beautiful guest in the lumber-room, and had taken care that needful renovations and preparations should be made; and, on this second occasion, it was with every appointment of elegance and comfort that the trio sat down to their repast. Now, a party of three, where two of the number are a really united married pair, while enjoying the ease and confidence of close companionship, are usually more animated and conversational even than a *tete-a-tete* pair. Thus, merely as a pleasant social meeting this second sitting was to be marked with white in the calendar; but after dinner, when the bright fire, and the soft lamplight, and the presence of his guests, threw a home-charm around Pembroke Ireton, to which he was little accustomed, his nature seemed to melt, and his voice modulated to a tone, as if to speak his long pent up emotions were becoming a necessity to him.

"Not unless I tell you a heavy secret," he exclaimed, addressing Frances, "can you estimate my gladness at discovering you, or my gratitude for your compliance with my wishes.

"I feel it an honor," replied Mr. Crawford, "that Frances should be immortalized by so great a painter. Dear sir, never mention gratitude again!"

"But I must," continued Pembroke Ireton with visible emotion—"I must: even one year hence might have been too late. The great painter—what a mockery! in a little while to be the desolate, afflicted old man! My friends!" he added with forced composure, "I am losing my sight—physicians own it to me: unless I give up painting I shall be blind in two or three years."

"Then," exclaimed Frances in a thrilling tone of entreaty—"then, in pity to yourself, paint no more: cease from this hour. What is Art to sight?"

"Never!" replied the painter vehemently. "For Art, long years ago, I gave up more than life and sight, though in my young, hot enthusiasm, I knew not what I relinquished; and to the last, Art shall have me—it claims even the dregs of my being."

"Pembroke Ireton has done enough for fame," said Mr. Crawford.

"Fame! Art has been my mistress; if she brought her handmaiden, Fame, I could not help it. It is a noisy busybody, hindering as often as helping. But life is not long enough to do true service to Art. Surely I do not grudge a pair of eyes, that have been but treacherous servants since, five-and-twenty years ago, they were exposed for two nights and days to the glare of Alpine snows. You wonder at this, my sweet young friend: it is the brain that paints, not the eye and the hand."

But Frances was overcome by a deeper emotion than wonder. That same perilous journey of early life which had laid the foundation of her father's affliction, had similarly affected the twin brother; and thus that apparently inseparable pair, whom yet strange circumstances had divided, seemed still to be mysteriously united by a common misfortune. "I am not wondering," she replied, trying to speak calmly; "I am only sorrowing, and thinking of a strange coincidence.—My own dear father is blind—thus afflicted in consequence of a similar accident to yours—being lost in the snows of Switzerland when travelling in his youth in search of grand scenery."

"How strange!" mused the painter.

"You must know him," continued Frances in trembling tones: "you are formed to be—friends, companions to each other. Ah, you must know my father; he, too, loved Art most dearly."

"And now?" asked Pembroke Ireton.

"He is happy though blind," returned the daughter, with a sort of cruel kindness towards her hearer—"happy, because our love, that seemed before too vast for increase, still grew as his sight waned; and the wealth of the heart outweighs the wealth of the senses. It seems to me a beautiful dispensation of Providence, that this heavy affliction has fallen where every surrounding circumstance lightens and elevates it. Had my father been lonely and childless, how much more terrible would have been his lot!"

There was a minute's silence. With the morbid sensitiveness of a recluse, and the keen perception of one who, if only for the purposes of his art, had been accustomed to anatomize the passions, Pembroke Ireton shrank from a display that might have brought about "an scene." Stilled sobs made thick his breathing, and assuaging tears were rising to his eyes, but he controlled these evidences of emotion, and suddenly, and with a sort of set phrases, changed the discourse.

"Your father must indeed be a happy man," he exclaimed with forced calmness; "despite his bereavement: yet had I known, dear madam, that my selfish outpourings would have led to this sorrowful subject, indeed I would have refrained."

"Nay," replied Frances, not wholly sorrowful to me; and is not sympathy, warm sympathy, a consolation to you?"

"I am not sure—perhaps not. Do no think me ungrateful; but I will not speak of my trouble again. A little more wine, Mrs. Crawford; pray, half a glass, and let me prepare an orange for you!"

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Business Cards.

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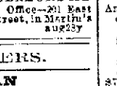

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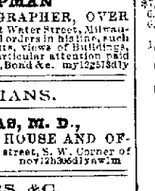

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dec22d1y&3m

STATEMENT

Of the condition of the Springfield Fire and Marine Insurance Company, of Springfield, Mass., on the first day of January, 1860, in conformity with the laws of the State of Wisconsin:

The name and locality of the Company: Springfield Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Springfield, Mass.

2d. The amount of its capital stock: Two Hundred Thousand dollars.

3. The amount of the Company including:

1st. The amount of cash on hand.....$4,486 65
Amount of cash on hand from Agents & others in course of transmission.....19,705 66

2d. The real estate unincumbered, office building, "Torp Block".....93,603 47

3d. The bonds owned by the Company and how they are secured, with the rate of interest thereon:

$7,000 Western R. R. Stock, 6 per cent. bonds, 1870. Par R. R. 90
6,000 Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific R. R. 7 per cent. mortgage bds.....5,400 00
2,000 Watertown & Rock River 7 per ct. do.....930 00
4th. Debts to the Company secured by mortgages, loans on real estate.....121,240 07

5th. Debts otherwise secured, loans on personal and collateral security.....9,2635 5

6th. Debts not secured.....

7th. All other securities:

Bank stocks as per schedule	155,944 74
Railroad stocks as per schedule	55,039 00
Bills receivable	5,059 07
Marine Premium notes	
Office furniture, library and all other securities including rents and accrued interest	2,039 82
Surplus over capital	215,617 50
	$843,617 50

5. The amount of liabilities due or not due to Banks or other creditors of the Co..... None.
6. Losses adjusted and due..... None.
7. Losses adjusted and not due.....
8. Losses unadjusted.....60,515 50
9. Losses in process, waiting further proof..... None.
10. All other claims against the Co..... None.
11. The greatest amount insured in one risk.....
12. The greatest amount allowed by the rules to be insured in any one city, town or village. Also. As much as is deemed prudent.
13. The greatest sum allowed to be insured in any one block. Also. See answer to question 12.
14. Premiums received during the year in Wisconsin.....2,241 55
Amount of dividends declared and paid..111,000 00
Market value of stock $2,000,225 per share last sale.

WM. CONNER, Jr., Secretary.

STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS, } ss.
Dunnlin County.

Subscribed and sworn to this 21th day of January, A. D. 1860, before me.

A. L. SOULE, Justice of the Peace.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, }
Secretary's Office } ss.

The Secretary of State of the State of Wisconsin hereby certifies that the foregoing statement has been compared with the original instrument on file in this office and that the same is a true and correct copy thereof and of the whole of such original.

The Springfield Fire & Marine Insurance Company of Springfield, Mass., having complied with the requirements of Sections one and five of an Act entitled "An Act to regulate Insurance Companies not incorporated by the State of Wisconsin," approved March 17, 1859, and having paid into the State Treasury the sum of ninety-seven 20-100 dollars, being three per cent upon the amount of premiums received in the state of Wisconsin, in the year 1859, (as per their report.)

Now therefore, in pursuance of the Act aforesaid the Secretary of State of the State of Wisconsin hereby certifies that the said Springfield Fire & Marine Insurance Company, is authorized to transact the business of insurance in this State from this date until the first day of January, A. D. 1861.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of the State, at the Capitol in Madison, this fourteenth day of February, A. D. 1860.

[L. S.] EDWARD ISLEY, Assistant Secretary of State.

N. D. OGDEN, Agent,
Ogden & Wall, Milwaukee, Wis.

feb4d3m&d1m

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NEW STYLES—PRICES FROM $50 TO $125.

HEMMERS, $5 EXTRA.

THESE MACHINES SEW FROM TWO Spools, as purchased from the store, requiring no rewinding of thread; they Hem, Fell, Gather, and Stitch in a manner to defy fashion to beat their own operation, without recourse to the hand-needle, as is required by other machines. They will do better and more beautiful work than sometimes can be done if the same be constantly used for one hour.

A new Shuttle Machine for manufacturing purposes for $40.

Office of Exhibition and Sale, 195 Broadway, N. Y.

Also, 13 Newhall House, Milwaukee.

fe15d1y—1y22dp J. A. FRENCH, Agent.

Every Lady in America,

WHO VALUES COMFORT, HEALTH AND ELEGANCE Should have one of

THOMSON'S CORRUGATED SKIRTS.

Judicial Election Notice.

CITY AND COUNTY OF MILWAUKEE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT an election will be held on the first Tuesday, being the third day of April next, in the several towns and wards in the county of Milwaukee, for the election of a Judge of the Municipal Court in the city of Milwaukee, for the vacancy for the present term, which will expire in six years from the first Tuesday in April A. D. 1860, and also for the election of a Clerk of said Court, to fill an existing vacancy for the present term which will expire in three years from the first Tuesday in April, A. D. 1860. Such election to be conducted, the votes canvassed, and returns made, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 7 of the Revised Statutes of 1858.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State at the Capitol in Madison, this 14th day of March, A. D. 1860.

[L. S.] L. P. HARVEY, Secretary of State.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, } ss.
MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

An Election will be held in the several Towns and Wards in Milwaukee County, in said State, at the time and for the purposes above set forth.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, March 9th, 1860.

mar10j609d1d A. J. LANGWORTHY, Sheriff.

Hardware, Stoves, &c.

NOTICE.

THE LATE FIRM OF HENRY J. NAZRO & CO., was dissolved by limitation on the 28th February, 1860. The same business will hereafter be conducted under the name and style of JOHN NAZRO & Co.

Milwaukee, March 1, 1860. JOHN NAZRO.
mar1 H. J. NAZRO.

JOHN NAZRO & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails,

ROPE & TIN PLATE,

Nazro's Building, 121, 123 & 125 E.

THE SENTINEL.

COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

SATURDAY P. M., March 17th, 1860.

NEW COUNTERFEITS.—The following are among the latest counterfeits:

1s, on the Exchange Bank of Darling & Co., Fond du Lac, Wis. Viz., Indian spearing a buffalo. Paper dark and poorly executed.

5s, on the Agricultural Bank, Marion, Ills., photographed from the genuine are reported to be in circulation.

1s, on the Agricultural Bank, Marion, Ills. Viz., Liberty and Justice leaning on a rock with two letters H, in front; on top of the rock is a sheaf of grain; figure 1 each side of the vig.—on right end, TWO, female, TWO—on left end, TWO, three females, TWO.

DOUBTFUL AND UNSAFE BANKS.—We clip the following list of doubtful and unsafe banks from Paddock's *Mirror*:

Allegheny County Bank, N.J.
Bank of Crawford County, Pa.
Bank of Commerce, Erie, Pa.
Bank of Roanoke, Virginia.
Bank of St. Johns, Florida.
Bank of Western Canada.
Bank of Brantford, Canada.
Bank of Charleston, Virginia.
Carlan Bank, Maryland.
Eastern Township Bank, Canada.
Farmers & Merchants Bank, Greensboro, Md.
Kanawha Valley Bank.
Monongahela Valley Bank, Pa.
North Western Bank of Pennsylvania.
Provincial Bank, Canada.
Stafford Bank, Maine.
State Bank of Florida.
Worcesterers Bank, Georgia.
Tioga County Bank, Pa.
Union Bank, District Columbia.
Weare Bank, New Hampshire.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.—The earnings of the Michigan Central Railroad for the first week in March, were as follows.

1860	$ 41,641 52
1859	39,152 25
Increase in 1860	$2,489 27

The same week on the Michigan Southern & Northern Indiana Road gave the following results:

	1860.	1859.
Passengers	$12,699 57	$13,457 61
Freight	15,284 55	11,502 72
Mail	1,784 49	1,264 66
Total	$29,768 61	$26,224 99
Increase, 1860		3,543 62

COMMERCIAL.

SATURDAY P. M., March 17th, 1860.

The following table exhibits the daily receipts of flour and grain by Railroad for the week ending to-day, and also the receipts for the corresponding week in 1859:

RECEIPTS OF BREADSTUFFS FOR THE WEEK.

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bus.	Oats, bus.	Corn, bus.	Barley, bus.	Rye, bus.
Monday	1,000	10,000			800	50
Tuesday	1,100	19,232		320	600	
Wednesday	641	16,743		40	995	
Thursday	1,129	19,675	700	500		
Friday	950	12,956	2,098	43	455	
Saturday	1,250	18,966	1,250	2,274	871	
Total	5,664	99,287	4,347	3,004	3,419	52
Same week in 1859	4,052	24,685	3,311	1,230	677	125

The weekly receipts of flour and grain since January 1st will be found in the annexed table:

Weekly Receipts of Flour and Grain.

Weeks.	Flour.	Wheat.	Oats.	Corn.	Barley.	Rye.
1st	3474	40452	1491	2120	1050	100
2d	2297	34189	2212	2057	2950	25
3d	4154	54402	6690	5297	4450	15
4th	3457	52,35	7640	3620	2635	145
5th	4115	59541	8054	4547	851	719
6th	2695	45200	2977	4071	1975	678
7th	2984	19415	5642	4057	2126	518
8th	2951	49250	2976	2078	2090	
9th	3167	45586	2310	2061	50-6	565
10th	3117	35905	1767	253	2155	360
11th	5664	99287	4347	3004	3419	52
Total	38215	512012	49635	37002	29957	4346
In '59	31843	510163	104925	64123	20816	3619

The following statement exhibits the total weekly receipts of grain—including flour reduced to bushels—thus far this year, as compared with the receipts of 1859:

Comparative Weekly Receipts of Grain in 1859 and 1860.

Week ending	1860.	1859.
January 7	69,675	62,750
" 14	75,939	66,091
" 21	104,129	92,017
" 28	100,541	97,111
February 4	144,157	91,533
" 11	81,052	72,975
" 18	72,992	65,815
" 25	84,456	69,225
March 3	84,501	69,315
" 10	47,500	64,800
" 17	24,966	1-8,429
Total	814,747	825,805

The annexed statement of the weekly receipts of Wheat by Rail Road—including Flour reduced to bushels—from Sept. 1st, 1-59 and 1850, exhibits the comparative movement of the two last Wheat Crops:

COMPARATIVE MOVEMENT OF THE WHEAT CROPS OF 1859 AND 1860.

	Crop of 1859.	Crop of 1860.
Week ending Sept. 4	144,291	158,276
do do do 11	178,141	236,588
do do do 18	206,259	272,513
do do do 25	275,424	295,513
do do Oct. 2	376,141	312,000
do do do 9	358,141	351,641
do do do 16	416,859	418,823
do do do 23	419,859	396,906
do do do 30	422,415	329,219
do do Nov. 6	395,859	305,956
do do do 13	365,824	276,824
do do do 20	324,465	264,465
do do do 27	284,141	187,294
do do Dec. 4	241,118	94,118
do do do 11	187,941	71,826
do do do 18	147,259	55,942
do do do 25	117,365	52,701
do do Jan. 1	97,788	46,506
do do do 8	79,691	37,512
do do do 15	58,588	30,794
do do do 22	70,447	35,294
do do do 29	55,241	35,043
do do Feb. 5	120,592	58,592
do do do 12	66,559	61,617
do do do 19	58,781	52,858
do do do 26	42,858	49,858
do do March 5	65,858	67,858
do do do 12	54,683	51,690
do do do 19	19,092	37,427
do do do 26	28,427	
do do April 2	39,229	
do do do 9	27,954	
do do do 16	23,576	
do do do 23	20,576	
do do do 30	25,190	
do do May 7	26,216	
do do do 14	28,529	
do do do 21	19,191	
do do do 28	24,609	
do do June 4	40,241	
do do do 11	32,402	
do do do 18	37,019	
do do do 25	29,7-7	
do do July 2	30,262	
do do do 9	35,209	
do do do 16	27,-58	
do do do 23	17,568	
do do do 30	7,243	
do do Aug. 6	11,621	
do do do 13	12,419	
do do do 20	13,916	
do do do 27	24,559	
Total	8,809,961	

The tendency of the wheat market to-day was downward, especially for milling qualities, which declined 1c. No. 1 held its own, if we may judge from the transactions reported, selling on the track at $1. Extra sold at $1,04@1,05. The sales include 10,000 bus No. 1, f. o. b. in May, at $1,05. Some 20,000 bushels at all changed hands.

Flour was less active than yesterday, but not quotably lower. We hear of sales of some 500 bbls at $4,-5@4,75 for superfine to common country Extras. No change in coarse grains.

The receipts of flour and wheat for the week, it will be noticed, are much larger than for any preceding week since November last.

CHICAGO WHOLESALE MARKET.—The receipts of the articles named, at Chicago yesterday, were as follows:

Flour, bbls	1,321
Wheat, bus	18,414
Corn, bus	35,993
Oats, bus	6,-15
Barley, bus	2,014
Rye, bus	403

The *Press & Tribune* says:

The Flour market continues dull and heavy, with but little inquiry for shipments. The receipts to-day were heavy, and the sales very limited, at $4,35@5,25 for common to choice Spring extras, and $4,25@4,15 for Spring superfine. There was a better demand for wheat at yesterday's prices, but there was no advance, and the market closed quiet, sales being made at $1,02 for new receipts No. 2 Spring; at 97c for new receipts of the same grade. The inquiry for parcels on track by millers and shippers was better, and sales ranged from 97@98c for common to good, and $1,03@1,07½ for choice. A lot of 1,000 bus. No. 1 Red was sold at $1,12½ delivered at Miles, Michigan. The receipts of Corn today were comparatively light, and under a good speculative inquiry, an advance of ½c took place; the market closing firm at the outside quotations—sales being made at 41@42½c for new receipts No. 2, and 43@43½c for Canal afloat; 43@43½c for new receipts No. 1; at 43@43½c for No. 2; and 40½@40½c for Rejected. Oats were in better demand and the market was a shade better, with sales on track at 34@35c, and in store at 31c for old receipts, and 32c for new receipts. Rye quiet. Barley more active and steady. Highwines quiet and nominal at 19½@19½c. Clover Seed 5c lower, with liberal sales at $4,10@4,12½. Timothy seed was in good demand, but prime lots were scarce—sales of inferior to choice being made at $2,00@2,90. Hungarian Grass dull. Provisions quiet. A lot of clear Sides was sold at 9c loose, and country Shoulders and Hams at 6c, and Sc loose.

CINCINNATI MARKET, MARCH 15TH.—The *Commercial* of Friday, says:

Flour is dull, and to effect sales it is necessary that concessions should be made in prices. Quotations as reported are quite irregular, and but up to the best that can be had.

Wheat remains firm, though the demand is rather lighter than yesterday; however, it is and has been mainly confined to the city. No change is noticeable in other grain.

Whiskey is firm at 19c.

The provision market displays an animated appearance, and transactions were much more free than for some days hitherto in cut meats and in lard. The latter appeared to be particularly in favor, and sales reported were large, viz: 1,000 tierces and bbls at 10¾@11, 800 lbs in one lot—1,000 kegs at 11c. This is an advance on yesterday's quotations, a knowledge of which at once put holders in a position of reserve, and 10½@10¾ were afterward the asking figures.

The sales of Bulk Meat were large, running as follows: 40,000 lbs clear sides delivered at 9 5-8; 50,000 lbs averaging 40 lbs ribbed, April 1st, at 9¾c; 50,000 lbs at 9¾; 30,000 lbs at 9¾, and 50,000 lbs at 9¾c; of Bacon there were sold 50 hhds shoulders at 7c, 5 hhds clear sides at 10¾c, and 80 hhds sides at 9¾.—The business doing in meat is mainly for consumption, very little speculative feeling being apparent, usually from such a quiet condition as the trade had reached in for several days heretofore; Mess Pork is quiet, the asking figure is $17,50 per bbl, and city brands are not easily had at a less figure.

Weekly Review of Milwaukee Markets.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY SENTINEL,
Saturday, P. M., March 17.

The feature of the past week in commercial matters, was the sudden turn in the wheat market, which took place on Wednesday. Up to that time the market continued firm with an upward tendency, No. 1 reaching $1,08 in store, and Extra $1,13½; and there were some sales of No. 1 for delivery May 1st, as high as $1,10@1,13½, both in store and on board. Since then the market for No. 1 has declined fully 3c, and for Extra 7@8c, these qualities respectively selling to-day at $1 and $1,06@1,08. Some parties who had bought largely along back, on the supposition of still higher prices becoming claimed at the appearance of things, sold out at a heavy loss, while others, looking upon the decline as nothing more than a slight reaction, which during markets are always subject to, improved the occasion to make large investments.

The flour market, with the exception of two or three days, has been quiet, but did not experience so heavy a decline as wheat. Yesterday, some 1,000 bbls country extra changed hands at $4,75@$5@$5,10 for fair to choice brands, and about 500 to-day, at the same figure.

Coarse grains of all kinds have been very dull. Barley has declined 3@5c, brewers limiting their prices during the last few days to 65c for the best qualities. Oats scarce, but unchanged. Corn 50@52c. Rye very scarce and worth 75@80c. There is not enough of any description of grain coming to market exclusive of wheat, to create any demand except for local use.

We omit this week our usual prices current of general articles, but there has been no change either in dry goods or groceries. The general wholesale trade is improving satisfactorily, and our streets begin to wear unmistakable signs of returning business activity.

Below will be found the principal transactions of the week in the produce markets:

FLOUR—Receipts for the week 5,664 barrels. Sales: *Monday*—250 bbls "Markeam" Extra at $4,90; 100 bbls "Gothic" do at $5,00; 500 bbls "Milwaukee River" on p. t. *Tuesday*—300 bbls "Hiawatha" Spring Extra at $5. *Wednesday*—Nothing done. *Thursday*—100 bbls reported as "good country extra" at $4,75. *Friday*—2 0 bbls low grade country spring extra at $4,-75@; 110 bbls good do, at $4,75; 330 bbls "Hiawatha" Mills, at $5 on track; 200 bbls "Mazomanie" at $5,10; lots of equal quality, at $5. *Saturday*—170 bbls mixed, extra brands at $4,75; 300 bbls. "White Lilly" superfine, at $4,60 on the track.

WHEAT—Receipt for the week 99,287 bus. Sales: *Monday*—Sales 350 bus No. 2 on the track at $1,03; 1,000 bus. No. 1 in lots on the track and in store at $1,05; 400 bus do delivered at $1,05; 200 bus do do at $1,05@; 170 bus do do at $1,06; 600 bus Club delivered at $1,13; 1,100 bus. Extra delivered at $1,12½; 50 bus White Winter at $1,20; 70 bus do at $1,25. *Tuesday*—300 bus No. 2 on the track at $1,03½; 2,250 bus No. 1 in lots on the track and in store at $1,05; 900 bus do delivered at $1,06; 2,000 bus. do in store May 1st $1,10; and the same quantity at $1,12½ f. o. b. May 1st; 700 bus by sample, something better than No. 1 at $1,08; 90 bags Club delivered at $1,10; 1,000 bus Extra at $1,05@; 170 bus do do at $1,06; 600 bus Club delivered at $1,13; 1,100 bus. Extra delivered at $1,12½; 50 bus White Winter at $1,20; 70 bus do at $1,25. *Tuesday*—300 bus No. 2 on the track at $1,03½; 2,250 bus No. 1 in lots on the track and in store at $1,05; 900 bus do delivered at $1,06; 2,000 bus. do in store May 1st $1,10; and the same quantity at $1,12½ f. o. b. May 1st; 700 bus by sample, something better than No. 1 at $1,08; 90 bags Club delivered at $1,10; 1,000 bus Extra at $1,12½ delivered at the Mills. *Wednesday*—1,000 bus No. 1 delivered at $1,04; 700 bus do at $1,05; 3,000 bus do., f. o. b. April 15th, at $1,05 @5 2c; 5,000 bus do f. o. b. May 1st at $1,07—1c up; 350 bus Club delivered at $1,10 (early); 3,850 bus extra in lots delivered at $1,10; 2,700 bus do $1,08; 850 bus do at $1,07; No. 1 offered at $1,02@1,08 in store, without buyers. *Thursday*—350 bus No. 2 at 99c on track; 2,000 bus No. 1 in store at $1,00; 700 bus do (factory at $1,04 in store; 1,000 bus do delivered at $1,05; 250 bus do at $1,05; 1,000 bus club and extra at $1,05, delivered; 957 bus extra at $1,05; delivered, 8,000 bus do do at $1,06. *Friday*—1,000 bus No. 1 on track at $1; 100 bus do del., at $1,01; 125 bus do del., at $1,02; 250 bus Rio Grande del., at $1,03; 750 bus club on track, at $1,04; 1,150 bus do del., at $1,04; 2,000 bus extra at $1,05; 250 bus do del., at $1,06; 10,000 bus No. 1, f. o. b. May 1st, at 105c. *Saturday*—1400 bus. No. 2 in store, at 96c; 4150 bus. No. 1 in store, at 100c; 1000 bus. do, at p. t.; 250 bus. do del. at 101c; 750 bus by sample, at 105c; 150 bus. Club at 103½c; 1250 bus Rio Grande, Club and Extra, at 104c; 500 bus Extra on track, 101½c; 500 bus do del. at 105c; 10,000 bus No. 1, f. o. b. May 1 to 15, at 105c.

OATS—Receipts for the week 4,347 bushels. Sales 2,000 bus in store at 32c; 48 sacks on the track at 33½c.

BARLEY—Receipts for the week 3,419 bus. Sales—62 bags bags extra at 73½c; 40 bus No. at 66c; 500 bus do at 68½; 150 bus extra at 68c, 50 lbs to the bus; 300 bus No. 1 on track, *Thursday*, at 62c; 100 bus Extra on *Friday* at 70c.

CORN—Receipts for the week 3,004 bus. Sales 700 bus shelled at 52c; 150 bus do at same price.

RYE—Receipts for the week 52 bus. Sales 100 bus fine at 80c; 10 sacks do at 79c.

GRASS SEED—Receipts for the week 378 bus. Sales have been made at $2,05@2,75 for fair to prime qualities.

DRESSED HOGS—Receipts 56. The market closes dull at a decline from the prices ruling last week. We note the following sales:

6	hogs averaging 275 lbs at	$7,00
9	" 247 "	6,75
5	" 207 "	6,50
7	" 273 "	6,50
5	" 271 "	6,50
5	" 200 "	6,25
4	" 190 "	6,00
6	" 170 "	6,00

BUTTER—Receipts by Railroad were 18,923 lbs and 56 firkins. We quote the market at 8@9½c for good fresh, and 5@13c for good roll—inferior qualities very dull.

DRESSED SHEEP.—prime selling at 7@8c per lb. They are very scarce.

MILL STUFFS—Shorts $11@$12 per ton; middlings $15@$15.

RYE FLOUR—Selling at $4 per bbl., and very firm.

SPIRITS—Unchanged. We quote Highwines 20@21c; alcohol 42c; whiskey 17@18c

PROVISIONS—Quiet and unchanged. Mess pork is held at $16,75 for round lots. We notice a sale of 300 bbls. pork heads at $8,25, delivered in New York.

POTATOES—Plenty, and hard to sell for more than 40c.

HIDES—Receipts by railroad for the week 801.—Market steady at last week's prices, viz: Green, 5½@5c; green salted 7@7½c; dry salted 12@13c; dry flint 14c.

FURS—Messrs. A. H. Gardiner & Co, quote:

Mink	$1,50@2,00	Cross Fox	4,00@5,00
Muskrat	2,00@4,00	Silver-grey Fox	$9@30,00
Fisher	4,50@5,50	Wolf	@1,00
Otter	3,50@4,50	Wild Cat	50
Raccoon	50@60	Lynx	@1,50@1,50
Cub Bear	2,50@4,00	Deer skins, per lb	@25@40
Muskrat	15@ 15	Beaver, per lb	1,00@1,50
Coon	6@@ 8@	Red Fox	1,25@1,50

Total receipts by Railroad for the week ending to-day.

Flour, bbls	5,664	Hides, No	801
Wheat, bus	99,287	Butter, lbs	18,923
Oats, bus	4,347	" firkins	56
Corn, bus	3,004	Rags, lbs	6,516
Barley, bus	3,419	Sundries, lbs	111,424
Rye, bus	52	Highwines, bbls	156
Grass seed, bus	378	Pork, bbls	33
Malt, bus	460	Sugar, hhds	14
Potatoes, bus	762	" bbls	76
Beans, bus	11	Eggs, bbls	50
Hay, lbs	25,960	Alcohol, bbls	50
Poultry, lbs	205	Dressed hogs, No	56
Stone, tons	7	Cattle, head	44
Tea, chests	8	Horses, No	2
Hops, bales	10	Dressed sheep, No	3
Lumber, ft	16,265	Furs, lbs	460
Tallow, bbls	1	Fish	5

The above receipts were divided amongst the different roads as follows:

Receipts by Mil. & Mississippi Railroad for week ending March 17.

Flour, bbls	1,511	Dressed hogs, No	53
Wheat, bus	16,197	Butter, lbs	3,791
Oats, bus	1,739	Rags, lbs	2,005
Barley, bus	346	Hay, lbs	7,000
Corn, bus	2,251	Sundries, lbs	11,958
Rye, bus	52	Poultry, lbs	205
Grass Seed, bus	118	Highwines, bbls	12
Beans, bus	11	Tallow, bbls	1
Potatoes, bus	475	Cattle, head	2
Eggs, bbls	23	Stone, tons	7
Hides, No	301		

Receipts by Mil. & Minnesota Railroad for week ending March 17th:

Flour, bbls	2,924	Dressed hogs, No	17
Wheat, bus	20,947	Live hogs, No	6
Oats, bus	1,354	Butter, firkins	36
Barley, bus	2,496	" lbs	990
Corn, bus	52	Cattle, head	26
Rye, bus	52	Lumber, ft	15,265
Grass seed, bus	105	Potatoes, bus	93
Hides, No	32		

Receipts by M. Wal. & R. V. R. R. for week ending March 17th:

Flour, bbls	501	Hides, No	75
Wheat, bus	29,196	Butter, lbs	2,116
Barley, bus	454	Dressed hogs,	7
Eggs, bbls	27	Live hogs,	43
Pork, bbls	76	Sundries, lbs	44,750

Receipts by Mil. & Horicon Railroad for week ending March 17:

Flour, bbls	772	Hides, No	145
Wheat, bus	28,600	Butter, lbs	1,510
Barley, bus	592	Dressed hogs,	6
Hops, bales	10	Dressed sheep,	3
Furs, lbs	460	Sundries, lbs	5,200

Receipts by Milwaukee and Chicago R. R. for the week ending March 17:

Wheat, bus	3,984	Butter, lbs	5,578
Flour, bbls	50	Hay, lbs	16,000
Corn, bus	1,268	Rags, lbs	4,211
Oats, bus	225	Sugar, bbls	76
Barley, bus	500	Hides, No	11
Rye, bus	100	Horses, No	48
Malt, bus	460	Cattle, head	2
Pork, bbls	84	Dressed hogs, No	10
Highwines, bbls	84	Dressed sheep, No	4
Alcohol, bbls	50	Tea, chests	8

NEW YORK MARKET.

[By Telegraph.]

New York, March 17—6 P. M.

FLOUR—Canadian flour dull and drooping; sales of 350 bbls at $5,50@7,25 for common to choice extra. Rye flour, a trifling business doing; sales at $3,70@4,40. Corn meal dull; small sales as previous quotations. Buckwheat Flour plenty and dull at $2,50@3,37½ per cwt.

WHEAT—Dull and in favor of buyers, with limited demand to supply the pressing wants of the local millers; sales of 50,000 bus prime Milwaukee Club at $1,25 in store; 240 bus white Southern at 1,60; 700 white Kentucky at 1,70.

RYE—Quiet and steady; sales 3,500 bus prime at 86.

BARLEY—Quiet and steady; sales of 8,200 bus State at 75c.

CORN—A shade better; sales 80,000 bush at 74@80½c for white; 75@79 for yellow, and trifling lots mixed western at 70@72c.

OATS—Plenty and dull at 43½@44½ for Canadian and State.

WHISKEY—Dull and lower; sales of 50 bbls in lots at 20½c, closing with sellers at 20½c.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Dull; small sales at 47½@48c.

CRUDE—Is quiet and nominally unchanged.

RICE—Inactive demand; sales of 6000 bbls at 1,62½ @3,05 for Carolina and Patna.

TAR—Quiet and unchanged.

HOPS—Dull; sales at 5@12c, as in quality.

LIVE FEATHERS—Small sales at 90c for common, and 1,05 for live.

TALLOW—Firm; small sales at 10¾@10½c.

OIL—Transactions only to a limited extent, and prices unchanged.

PORK—Dull, very heavy and lower; sales 650 bbls at 17,35@17,40 for old mess; 17,00@15 for new do; 11,50 for old prime; 14,50@14,62 for new do;

BEEF—Steady and unchanged; sales 450 bbls at 4,25 @4,50 for country; 5,50@6,50 for do mess; 9,25@10,50 for repacked mess; 12,25@12,50 for extra mess. Beef hams dull and heavy; 12 for state, 14,10@15,75 for western. Prime mess beef quiet and unchanged

CUT MEATS—Heavy and unchanged; sales 75 packages at 7¾c for shoulders; 9@10 for hams.

BACON—Quiet; a sale of 20 hhds dry salted sides was made at 9½c.

LARD—In moderate request and steady; sales 550 lbs at 11@11¾.

BUTTER—Good business doing; 11@14 for Ohio; 14@ 20 for State.

CHEESE—Steady at 11@12¾.

COFFEE—Market for all descriptions very firm, but very quiet, and we cannot learn of any sales of moment.

MOLASSES—Quiet. Sales 25 hhds Porto Rico at 6¾@ 7¾; 200 hhds English Island on private terms; 250 hhds Cuba at 6¾@7¾; and by auction 260 hhds N. O. at 8@7¾ for 90 days and four months.

SUGAR—Is boards excited and large sis, supposed to be on account of the suspended House. No. 5s 8½; $1,500 sold; Ya. 6s 8¾; Pacific Mail 94½; M. C. 30¾; N. Y. C. 79¾, 4,325 shares sold; Panama 104; Ill. C. 80¾; Gal. & Chi. 80¾; Chi. & R. I. 81¾; Reading 49¾; Canton 39½; Cumberland Coal 21½; Penn. Coal 69; Cleveland & Pittsburgh 57½; Cleveland & Toledo 31½; Michigan Southern 69½; Michigan Central 70½; Galena 84½; Illinois Central 97½; Cleveland & Toledo 31½; Erie 19½; Erie Preferred 34½; Hudson River 29½; Reading 49¾; Michigan Southern guaranteed 69½; Panama 104; Illinois Central scrip 97½; Galena 84½; Chicago & Rock Island 80½; Chicago & Rock Island scrip 80½